HARRY RANSOM HUMANITIES RESEARCH CENTER

Additions and Renovations

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The Pennsylvania State University

HARRY RANSOM HUMANITIES RESEARCH CENTER

Building Background

University of Texas at Austin Campus Lake Flato Architects, Inc.

- Originally Constructed 1972
- Renovated 2001-2003
- \$9 million Project Cost
- 46,360 ft² (Renovated 1st and 2nd floors)
- 7 Above-Grade Floors and Basement

GalleryArtifact PreservationCultural CenterPerformance SpaceHistoric Archives





36 Million Literary Manuscripts 1 Million Rare Books 5 Million Photographs 100,000 Works of Art

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

TOPICS

Lighting Depth

- Entrance Lobby Lighting Controls Integration
- North/South Corridors
- Stair Hall, Theatre Lobby
- Prothro Theatre
- Prothro Gallery
- Exterior/Site Lighting

Electrical Depth

- 120/208V to 277/240V Distribution
- Panelboard Redesign
- Copper to Aluminum Feeder Cost Comparison
- Coordination Study

Acoustics Breadth Prothro Theatre

Architectural Breadth Prothro Gallery

Summary

DESIGN ELEMENTS

Create a lighting system that compliments the architecture of the space and enhance the appearance of the collections.

Visible Luminaires Simple Geometry











DESIGN ELEMENTS

Create a lighting system that compliments the architecture of the space and enhance the appearance of the collections.

Lamp Selections

General Illumination



CFL

Linear Fluorescent



Metal Halide

Accent and Artwork



AR-111



MR-16

Special Lighting







LED and Fiber Optic

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Lighting Depth



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Lighting Depth



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Lighting Depth



41/2[115 mm[Dia Bush Overlap 5[122mm] 53/4[112 mm] Fully recessed halogen 5öranppendtufter Milestocent 6" alpeentulingehotlownlight

50 W

Fully recessed Undercapinet dimming compact fluorescent 6" 15 task light aperture downlight 18 W

EEDyassycesssethic dögtrsbabblenaccompt 15ght aperture downlight

Cove recessed ceramic metal halide wall grazer

Lighting Depth



<u>Calculations</u> Average illuminance 10 Fc Vestibule Floor 35 Fc Lobby Floor 48 Fc Security Desk 55 Fc Wood Walls

Gradual increase in light intensity from 10 Fc (vestibule) to 35 Fc (Lobby)

Power Density 2.13 W/sq.ft. < ASHRAE (1.3 + 1.0 W/sq.ft) 75% reduction in energy consumption (8.55 W/sq.ft. existing conditions)



Lighting Depth

Special Lighting – Not Discussed in Detail



Lighting Controls

Lighting Controls

CONTROL DEVICE	DEVICE	DESCRIPTION	ENGRAVING	CONNECTED ZONE NUMBER			
LC-1	Control Interface with 1 gang Scene Pad	Location: Security Desk					
	4 Scene + Off + L/R						
	1	Lobby High	HIGH	All Zones except Z-6, Z-18, Z-20			
	2	Lobby Low	LOW	All Zones except Z-6, Z-18, Z-20			
	3	Bible Display Toggle On/Off	BIBLE	Zone Z-19			
	4	First Photo Display Toggle On/Off	FIRST PHOTO	Zone Z-68			
	5	All Zones Off	OFF	All zones			
	7	Lower/Raise	$\nabla \Delta$	All selected zones			
CONTROL DEVICE	DEVICE	DESCRIPTION	ENGRAVING	CONNECTED ZONE NUMBER			
LC-2	1-gang Scene Pad	Location: Security Desk					
	4 Scene + Off + L/R						
	1	Guest counter area	COUNTER HIGH	Z-5			
	2	Guest counter area	COUNTER LOW	Z-5			
	3	Workdesk undercabinet lighting	TASK HIGH	Z-6			
	4 Workdesk undercabinet lighting 5 All Zones Off		TASK LOW	Z-6			
			OFF	All zones			
7 Lo		Lower/Raise	$\nabla \Delta$	All selected zones			



Centralized dimming/switching system with anatomical timeclock.

Simple button controls at lobby security desk.

Ability to create "phantom" devices addressable via touch-screen.







Lighting Depth

South Corridor





Lighting Depth

North Corridor Rendering



0.8 W/sq.ft. < 1.2 W/sq.ft. ASHRAE

Lighting Depth

South Corridor Rendering

Power Density

0.8 W/sq.ft. < 1.2 W/sq.ft. ASHRAE

Lighting Depth

South Corridor Pseudo Image



Power Density

0.8 W/sq.ft. < 1.2 W/sq.ft. ASHRAE

Average Illuminance

15.5 Fc Floors

26.1 Fc Sculpture Cove Wall

45.6 Fc Art Niche Painting

NOT DISCUSSED





PROTHRO FAMILY ART GALLERY



Lighting Depth

North Corridor



Exposed Columns

Redesigned Ceiling and room partitions (Architecture Breadth)

DESIGN GOALS

- Create a flexible lighting system
- Provide low maintenance fixtures
- Lighting system secondary to artwork
- Minimum 2:1 contrast ratio on art

Lighting Depth

South Wing



F28

Bus Track System 277 V Recessed track for power, communication devices, and lighting fixtures.

F29



Track mounted MR-16 halogen accent light 50 W

F30



Track mounted MR-16 halogen wallwash 50 W

Lighting Depth

Redesigned Main Gallery (Architecture Breadth)



F27

Monopoint Track System 120 V Recessed track for power, communication devices, and lighting fixtures.

F29



Track mounted MR-16 halogen accent light 50 W

F30



Track mounted MR-16 halogen wallwash 50 W

Electrical Depth

BUS TRACK vs. TRADITIONAL TRACK SYSTEM

About Bus Runs

- 120 and 277 V track: more efficient delivery of power
- 60 A power feeds: longer track runs
- Less space on Panelboard
- Ability to use track as power/data source
- Concealed 277/12 V or 120/12 V transformer





Lighting Depth

MOUNTING DETAILS



Lighting Depth

Redesigned Main Gallery Rendering



Lighting Depth

Rendered View From Lobby



Lighting Depth

Pseudo Rendering



Lighting Depth



DESIGN GOAL

- Create a hierarchy of light
- Provide rhythmic lines of light through walkway
- Reinforce the building's geometric architecture
- 0.2-2 Fc pathways
- 1-5 Fc min Canopy

DESIGN INSPIRATION

Mies van der Rohe (Architect) / Richard Kelly (Lighting Designer)

Seagram Building, NY

Illuminate the canopy with soft pads of light to provide a 'lightness' to the base of the massive stone façade

Lighting Depth

Conceptual Rendering





Lighting Depth

Walkway Rendering

Lighting Depth

Walkway and Canopy Calculations



Power Density

0.12 W/sq.ft. < 1.25 W/sq.ft. ASHRAE

Average Illuminance

4.09 Fc Canopy

1.14 Fc Pathway

8.10 Avg/Min Ratio Column

Lighting Depth

Façade Comparison



Existing Conditions

Redesign

Scallop Patterns reduced significantly with adjustable accent downlight

Lighting Depth

Light Pollution/Trespass Study

Exterior lighting has minimal impact on surroundings

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ACOUSTICS BREADTH

Existing Conditions

Reverberation Time - Existing Conditions

	-	12	25 Hz	50	0 Hz	4000 Hz	
Material	Area (Sq.ft.)	α	sabins	α	sabins	α	sabins
Fully Occupied							
Ceiling							
Mesh Ceiling Panels	9037	0.10	904	0.65	5874	0.40	3615
Concrete	772	0.01	8	0.02	15	0.02	15
Glass	27	0.18	5	0.04	1	0.02	1
Side and Rear Walls							
Veneer Plaster	1532	0.14	214	0.06	92	0.03	46
Columns							
concrete, rough	247	0.01	2	0.04	10	0.10	25
Aisles							
Carpet, heavy on Concrete	426	0.02	9	0.14	60	0.65	277
Proscenium Opening	448	0.15	67	0.10	45	0.07	31
Air	1732	-		-		-	220
Doors	175	0.19	33	0.09	16	0.05	9
Audience							
seated in upholstered seats	576	0.39	225	0.80	461	0.87	501
Tot	al Absorption		1467		6573		4740
One-Half Occupied							
Total absorption in auditorium							
less							
audience absorption from							
fully occupied							
calculation			1242		6113		4238
Seats, upholstered	300	0.19	57	0.56	168	0.59	177
Audience in upholstered seats	350	0.39	137	0.80	280	0.87	305
Tot	al Absorption	0.00	1436	0.00	6561	0.01	4720

Theatre Volume (ft³) 27770

	Reverberation 1	Гime (s)			
Conditions	125 Hz	500 Hz	4000 Hz		
Fully Occupied One-half Occupied	0.95 0.97	0.21 0.21	0.29 0.29		
500-4000 Hz Average, Fully Occupied 500-4000 Hz Average, Half Occupied	0.25 0.25				



1.6 1.8

2.0

2.2 2.4

2.6

0.25s Reverberation Time

CIL

Ementary classroom

0.6 0.8

Reverberation time (sec)

0.4

0.2

Lecture and conference rooms

1.0

1.2

Music

Speech 4

1.30s Target Reverberation Time

T = 0.05 V / a 220 sabins assumed for room air

Acoustics Breadth

Redesigned Ceiling With Sound Reflectors (Red)



<http://www.erco.com>

Actual test data available upon request (Q44).

Acoustics Breadth

Rendering with Sound Diffusing Ceiling

Acoustics Breadth

Redesigned Conditions

Reverberation Time - Ac	oustical Red	esign							'Dead' spaces (sound decays rapidly) 'Live' spaces (sound persists)
		125 I	lz	500	Hz	4000	Hz		
Material	Area (Sq.ft.)	α sa	bins	αs	abins	αs	abins		Litur <u>gical (prohestra, chorus, or organ)</u>
Fully Occupied									1.30s Reverberation Time After Redesign <u>Segular Correct</u>
Celling	1000	0.00	070	0.40	400		100		I Opera
Mesh Ceiling Panels	1200	0.23	276	0.40	480	0.11	132	rsi o	Recital and chamber music ("Barrage")
Concrete	500	0.01	5	0.02	10	0.02	10	Σ	"Semiclassica" co certs, chorus (using sound system)
Reflectors	288	0.01	3	0.01	3	0.01	3		
	07	0.40	-	0.04		0.00	4		
Glass	27	0.18	5	0.04	1	0.02	1		"Dance" and "Rock" bands (using such system)
Veneer Plaster	1532	0.14	214	0.06	92	0.03	46		Churches Cathedrais
Columns	0.17	0.04	•		4.0	0.40	05	usio	Multipurpose auditoriums
concrete, rough	247	0.01	2	0.04	10	0.10	25	E	Reverberation Time
Aisles	100	0.45	~ ~ ~	0.40	10	0.07		5	Berore Redesign
Vvood floors	426	0.15	64	0.10	43	0.07	30	96	Desired Reverberation Range
Proscenium Opening	448	0.15	67	0.10	45	0.07	31	S	
Air	1732	-	~~	-	40	-	220	11	Lecture and conference rooms
Doors	175	0.19	33	0.09	16	0.05	9		['Intimate' drama]
Audience								C.	Elementary classrooms
seated in upholstered seats	576	0.39	225	0.80	461	0.87	501	be	
Tot	tal Absorption		895		1160		1007	"L	teconding and provided studios
One-Half Occupied								0.5	2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6
Total absorption in auditorium								R	Reverberation time (sec)
less									
audience absorption from									
fully occupied									
calculation			670		699		506		
Seats unholstered	300	0 19	57	0.56	168	0.59	177		
Audience in unholstered seats	350	0.39	137	0.80	280	0.87	305		
Tot	tal Absorption	0.00	864	0.00	1147	0.07	988		
10	tai Absorption		004		114/		500		
Theat	10 Volumo (# ³)	27770							
Ineath	re volume (π.)	2///0							
		Reverbera	tion Time	e (s)					1 20 Ava 500/1000Hz Poverbaration time
Conditions		125 I	Ηz	500	Hz	4000	Hz		- 1.30 Avg. 500/4000mz Reverberation time
						/			
F	ully Occupied	1.	55	1	.20	1	38		*Redesign successfully meets target (evactl)
One-	half Occupied	1.	61	1	.21	1	41		Redesign successfully meets target (exacting
500-4000 Hz Average, F	ully Occupied	1.	29						
500-4000 Hz Average,	Half Occupied	1.	31						

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Summary

Significant savings in energy consumption (50-75%) New dimming system simplifies building operations Gallery lighting/electrical is more efficient Visibility of gallery fixtures has been minimized Exterior lighting improved

Room acoustics for Prothro Theatre significantly improved

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listrick, Teo ssor Bowe



arfitt, Professor F





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All or my wonderful frier

Lauren... my chief AGI model

m, dad, and bro

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ose or you in the audience!)

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Light Pollution/Trespass Study



Rendered View

Contract of the

Pseudo Image <0.005 FC

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