Tony Nicastro Structural Option 110 Third Avenue New York, NY 10003

# 110 Third Avenue

## **Project Team**

OWNER: TOLL BROTHERS INC. ARCHITECT: GREENBERG FARROW STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: AXIS DESIGN GROUP MEP ENGINEER: MGJ ASSOCIATES INC. GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER: LUNGAN CM AGENT: TISHMAN CONSTRUCTION CONSULTANT: LZA/THORTON-TOMASETTI

# Structural System

#### •CIP concrete system

•8" two-way slab system

Loads are carried from the two-way slab system to concrete columns ranging from 12x12 to 40x12
Concrete columns recessed from perimeter approximately 10" to allow for non-bearing exterior panels

•The only beams present in the structure surround the elevator core and stairwell, and also grade beams in the basement level that extend to the face of the building.

 Roof is flat slab system with roof drains nested under pavers

Footings range from 4'6" square up to 15' x 9'6"
Shear walls extend entire height of the building and are located around the elevator core.

# **Electrical/Lighting System**

•Electrical service is brought into 110 Third Avenue by Con-Edison service 120/208V 3 Phase 4 wire distributed to two switchboards located on the cellar level.

•Switchboard 1 services the residential portions of the building, retail space, and gym area Switchboard 2 powers utilities such as the sprinkler system, fire pumps and elevators.

•Circuit wire sizes are most commonly 2 #12-3/4"C, and branch circuit breakers are most commonly 1 pole, 20 Amp.



### Architecture

•Net Square Feet: 107,100 SF •Usage:

Primary Occupancy- Residential
Secondary Occupancy- Retail, Floor 1
Number of Stories: 21 above grade, 2 below
The exterior walls of 110 Third Ave. consist of a "window wall" system. This system is fixed window units fabricated with flush aluminum panels finished to match the window wall that rests on the slab.
On the North and East sides of the building are balconies from floors 8 through 16 and 16 through 21, respectively.

## Mechanical System

#### •2400#/hr and 2,400,000 BTU/hr. steam supply

•Heat exchanger supplies individual units via individual hot water unit heaters.

•A second heat exchanger serves the primary condenser water loop and is tied to a 2-cell cooling tower serving the water-source heat pumps at 990 CPM per tower with 330 tons capacity per tower.

•CFM total is 48680

•Common spaces are conditioned by a dedicated VAV box rated at 1040 CFM.