

# Introduction to Building Redesign



**Problem Statement:**

Due to the surroundings and purpose of Spring Run Assisted Living; it is difficult to choose another method of support for this building. The architect had designed the building to be a masonry load bearing wall system. During the fall 2005 semester, I analyzed multiple options for an alternate design at Spring Run Assisted Living. After an investigation into altering the building's floor system to 3 other options, I concluded that the original design seemed to be the most efficient. The other options were steel structure, pre-cast pre-stressed double tees, and a one-way concrete joist system. Following the analysis of different floor systems, I took an extensive look into the current building lateral resistance system. As a conclusion to my analysis I concluded that the current lateral system was not only sufficient but possibly the most viable solution based on the building use and architecture.

At the conclusion of fall semester, I proposed to completely abandon the current structural design and redesign it with structural steel and cast-in-place concrete slabs on metal deck. A mechanical study was performed to consider how change the exterior walls would affect the heat transfer through the walls. A cost and schedule comparison was completed to study the affects the new design would have on the building.

**Solution Overview:**

To start the new design, it was necessary to analyze the current wall layouts as well as any areas considered to be dead space. This then allowed me to create a column grid without affecting the interior layout of the building. Once the new grids were laid out I was able to begin utilizing software programs to model the structure. The structural modeling program I chose was RAM Structural System. With the new structural system,

**Spring Run Assisted Living      Willow Street, Pennsylvania**  
**Architectural Engineering @ The Pennsylvania State University**

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it was necessary to reanalyze the lateral resistance and this was also done with RAM Structural System. Once the design was complete, I needed to check to verify that my new design maintained the resistance to heat transfer set forth by ASHRAE. Finally and most importantly, I studied how the new design would affect the owner through cost and time. I completed my cost analysis by using a program named Cost Works 2005. Cost Works is essentially R.S. Means through a computer program. To complete a schedule comparison I was able to contact Bill Koch, the project manager representing Paul Risk & Ass., in which he gave me standard times for construction in and around Lancaster, Pennsylvania.