Construction Study



- Cost Comparison
- Schedule Comparison



Construction Study

Cost Comparison

The structural redesign of the flat plate system will produce significant implications with the overall construction cost. By observation alone, the proposed reinforced flat plate significantly increased concrete material quantities within the flat plate and columns. The adjustments to the lateral design also resulted in the addition of shear walls through the building. A cost analysis was performed to better understand the cost efficiency of the structural redesign. R.S. Means was used to develop the cost analysis for the system comparison. The analysis was simplified to a typical level for an average square foot cost of the entire tower structure.

Material take-offs for the analysis included the flat plate design, supporting columns, and shear walls on a typical level. The crews used for each system were matched for an equivalent comparison of labor costs and durations. A cost for each structural component was calculated and accumulated for an average cost per 21010 SF. The reinforced flat plate was a more expensive design at \$26/SF, with the post-tensioned system at \$21/SF. The redesign had higher material costs primarily resulting from increases in concrete and reinforcement in the flat plate. The reinforcement material and labor cost alone increased over 100% compared to tendons and reinforcement of the post-tensioned system. A break-down of square foot costs for each design are shown in the following charts and the system take-offs are included on the following pages.





Post-Tensioned Flat Plate

Concrete Columns	Take-Off	# of		Daily	Labor			2006 BAF	RE COSTS		Take-Off	Dura
Description	Quantity	Crews	Crew	Output	Hours	Unit	Mat.	Labor	Equip.	Total	Total	(Da
Concrete												
Normal Wt., 5000psi	61.76					C.Y	96			96	\$5,929	
Concrete in place												
Average Reinforcing												
18"x 26"	56.15	1	C14A	17.7	11.293	C.Y	345	385	41	771	\$43,292	3
20"	4.52	1	C14A	24	8.316	C.Y	375	285	30.5	690.5	\$3,121	0
24"	1.09	1	C14A	27	7.391	C.Y	375	253	27	655	\$714	0
Placing, w/ Crane & Bucket												
18"x 26"	56.15	1	C-7	70	1.029	C.Y		31	14.45	45.45	\$2,552	0
20"	4.52	1	C-7	60	1.2	C.Y		37	17	54	\$244	0
24"	1.09	1	C-7	70	1.029	C.Y		31	14.45	45.45	\$50	0
			-								\$55,901	

Concrete Shear-Walls	Take-Off	# of		Daily	Labor			2006 BAF	RE COSTS		Take-Off	ſ	Duration
Description	Quantity	Crews	Crew	Output	Hours	Unit	Mat.	Labor	Equip.	Total	Total	L	(Days)
Concrete 10" wall												Ē	
Normal Wt. , 4000psi	25.14					C.Y.	84			84	\$2,112		
Placing, w/ Crane & Bucket	25.14	1	C-7	85	0.85	C.Y.		24.5	11.35	35.85	\$901		0.3
Reinforcment in Place	1.28	1	4 Rodm	3	10.667	Ton	760	405		1165	\$1,491		0.4
Forms in place, 4 use	1705.6	1	C2	450	0.107	SFCA	0.37	3.56			\$6,703		3.8
Concrete 14" wall											1 1		
Normal Wt. , 4000psi	16.12					C.Y.	84			84	\$1,354		
Placing, w/ Crane & Bucket	16.12	1	C-7	95	0.758	C.Y.		22	10.1	32.1	\$517		0.2
Reinforcment in Place	1.22	1	4 Rodm	3	10.667	Ton	760	405		1165	\$1,421		0.4
Forms in place, 4 use	416.8	1	C2	450	0.107	SFCA	0.37	3.56			\$1,638		0.9
											\$14,500		

Concrete Flat Plate	Take-Off	# of		Daily	Labor			2006 BAF	RE COSTS		Take-Off	Dura
Description	Quantity	Crews	Crew	Output	Hours	Unit	Mat.	Labor	Equip.	Total	Total	(Day
Concrete												
Normal Wt., 5000psi	518.8					C.Y.	96			96	\$49,805	
Placing, Elevated Slabs											1	
8" thick, w/ Crane & Bucket	518.8	2	C-7	110	0.655	C.Y.		11.9	4.65	16.55	\$14,760	2.4
Reinforcment in place											1	
Elevated Slab, #3 to #7	14.2	2	4 Rodm	2.9	11.034	Ton	905	435		1340	\$25,205	2.4
Post-Tensioning, ungrouted											1	
50' span, 25k	9025.12	1	C-4	1275	0.025	Lb.	0.47	1	0.02	1.49	\$13,447	7.1
50' span, 300k	9037.6	1	C-4	1475	0.022	Lb.	0.47	0.87	0.02	1.36	\$12,291	6.1
Concrete in place, Flat Plate											1	
Forms (4 uses), Strip	20800	4	C2	560	0.086	S.F.	1.3	2.86		4.16	\$264,992	9.3
			-								\$380,500	

Total Cost	\$450,902
Cost/S.F.	\$21



Reinforced Flat Plate

Concrete Columns	Take-Off	# of		Daily	Labor		2	2006 BA	RE COS	STS	Take-Off	Duration
Description	Quantity	Crews	Crew	Output	Hours	Unit	Mat.	Labor	Equip.	Total	Total	(Days)
Concrete												
Normal Wt., 5000psi	70.77					C.Y	96			96	\$6,794	
Concrete in place												
Average Reinforcing												
18"x 26"	64.09	1	C14A	17.7	11.293	C.Y	345	385	41	771	\$49,413	3.6
24"	6.69	1	C14A	27	7.391	C.Y	375	253	27	655	\$4,382	0.2
Placing, w/ Crane & Bucket												
18"x 26"	64.09	1	C-7	70	1.029	C.Y		31	14.45	45.45	\$2,913	0.9
24"	6.69	1	C-7	70	1.029	C.Y		31	14.45	45.45	\$304	0.1
											\$63 806	

Concrete Shear-Walls	Take-Off	# of		Daily	Labor		2	2006 BA	RE COS	TS	Take-Off	Du	uration
Description	Quantity	Crews	Crew	Output	Hours	Unit	Mat.	Labor	Equip.	Total	Total	(E	Days)
Concrete 10" wall													
Normal Wt. , 4000psi	25.14					C.Y.	84			84	\$2,112		
Placing, w/ Crane & Bucket	25.14	1	C-7	85	0.85	C.Y.		24.5	11.35	35.85	\$901		0.3
Reinforcment in Place	2.01	1	4 Rodm	3	10.667	Ton	760	405		1165	\$2,342		0.7
Forms in place, 4 use	1705.6	1	C2	450	0.107	SFCA	0.37	3.56			\$6,703		3.8
Concrete 14" wall													
Normal Wt. , 4000psi	16.12					C.Y.	84			84	\$1,354		
Placing, w/ Crane & Bucket	16.12	1	C-7	95	0.758	C.Y.		22	10.1	32.1	\$517		0.2
Reinforcment in Place	1.64	1	4 Rodm	3	10.667	Ton	760	405		1165	\$1,911		0.5
Forms in place, 4 use	416.8	1	C2	450	0.107	SFCA	0.37	3.56			\$1,638		0.9
											\$15,840		

Concrete Flat Plate	Take-Off	# of		Daily	Labor		2	2006 BARE CO	STS	Take-Off		Duration
Description	Quantity	Crews	Crew	Output	Hours	Unit	Mat.	Labor Equip.	Total	Total		(Days)
Concrete											[
Normal Wt., 5000psi	713.3					C.Y.	96		96	\$68,477		
Placing, Elevated Slabs												
8" thick, w/ Crane & Bucket	713.3	2	C-7	110	0.655	C.Y.		11.9 4.65	16.55	\$20,293		3.2
Reinforcment in place												
Elevated Slab, #3 to #7	42.4	4	4 Rodm	2.9	11.034	Ton	905	435	1340	\$112,148		3.7
Concrete in place, Flat Plate												
Forms (4 uses), Strip	20800	4	C2	560	0.086	S.F.	1.3	2.86	4.16	\$264,992		9.3
										\$465,910	1 -	

Total Cost	\$545,556
Cost/S.F.	\$26



Schedule Comparison

The construction schedules were also investigated for a comparison of the designs. The flat plate designs will have similar construction sequences for formwork, reinforcement placement, and concrete placement. The construction sequence of a typical residential level will be completed in three equally sized floor sections. A sectioned construction sequence will increase the rate of floor completion by limiting multiple trades working in the same section at once. The floor sections are depicted below and are referenced by their respective column lines in the schedules included on the following pages.



Schedule issues of the post-tensioned design include the placement and jacking of the posttensioned tendons. The tendons need to be draped throughout the floor plan with precision adding construction time and labor costs. Also, the removal of formwork and jacking of tendons is only permitted after the concrete plate has reached 75% of its 28 day strength. The durations for completing each section were resolved from the daily output calculated in the cost analysis. The components were given a total duration for the forming, reinforcing, and placement of concrete denoted (F/R/P) in the schedules. The slab was given a cure time of two days until it was post-tensioned and the formwork was removed. A construction schedule over three levels was created for each system to determine an average duration. The post-tensioned system required 8 days to complete an entire floor and the reinforced flat plate system required 7. The extended construction schedule was the result of added duration time for tendon placement and tensioning.



The Odyssey Condominium

Post-Tensioned Flat Plate





The Odyssey Condominium

Aaron Snyder Structural Option

Reinforced Flat Plate

