

Dr. Richard Mistrick October 4th, 2010 Lighting/ElectricaL

This Report was created during the AE Department's BIM Thesis. This program is focused on Building Information Modeling and Integrated Project Delivery.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following report provides a comprehensive diagnosis of the electrical systems in the Millennium Science Complex at Penn State's University Park Campus. This document will describe the existing design of the electrical distribution system through detailed reviews of the electrical system components. Research includes detailed overviews of the following: descriptions of service entrances, utility company information, voltage systems, emergency distribution systems, electrical equipment such as transformers, switchgears switchboards, panelboards, uninterruptable power supplies and automatic transfer switches, lighting loads, mechanical loads, and communication systems.

POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Millennium Science Complex merges two buildings into one, a Life Science wing and a Material Science wing. The electrical system is a simple radial system with three service entrances. One service entrance feeds the normal double-ended switchgear, while one feeds emergency loads, and another feeds life-safety loads.

The main emergency system is run as a normal/emergency load, switching over to an emergency generator via eight automatic transfer switches located in the basement of the Material Science wing. A second emergency system, feeding all of the buildings life safety loads, is fed from an emergency generator switchboard located in the adjacent Life Science I Building.

Unique loads of the building include both the Clean Room in Material Science, and the Vivarium in Life Science. The clean room uses its own dedicated switchgear located in the basement of Material Science. Clean Room loads have not yet been designed, and are unknown as of now. The Vivarium loads are fed from multiple distribution panels located in the central hallway of the first floor of Life Science.

UTILITY COMPANY INFORMATION

The Millennium Science Complex is connected to the Penn State campus distribution system. The campus buys power from Allegheny Power for distribution throughout campus. The following information was obtained courtesy of Penn State Office of the Physical Plant and the website provided below:

Name: Allegheny Power, an Allegheny Energy company

Address: Allegheny Energy, Inc.

800 Cabin Hill Drive

Greensburg, PA 15601-1689

Website: http://www.alleghenyenergy.com

Utility Rate Schedule: Tariff 37

Distribution: Demand Charge:

> First 10,000kVA......\$0.91/kVA Additional kVA.....\$0.90/kVA

Energy Charge:

All kWh......\$0.00277/kWh

Transmission: Demand Charge:

First 10,000kVA......\$0.19/kVA Additional kVA.....\$0.18/kVA

Energy Charge:

All kWh.....\$0.00240/kWh

The University's demand shall not be less than the highest of the following:

- a) 50% of the kVA demand capacity of Tariff 37 agreement.
- b) 50% of the highest demand previously established during the term of Tariff 37.

SERVICE ENTRANCE

Millennium Science Complex has two normal power service entrances that enter through the Life Science basement into Electrical Room W-P003. Penn State provides up to and including the (2) 12.47kVA transformers that feed the main switchboard. Feeders from the transformers to the double ended switchgear, MDS-01A/B, are to be provided by the electrical contractor.

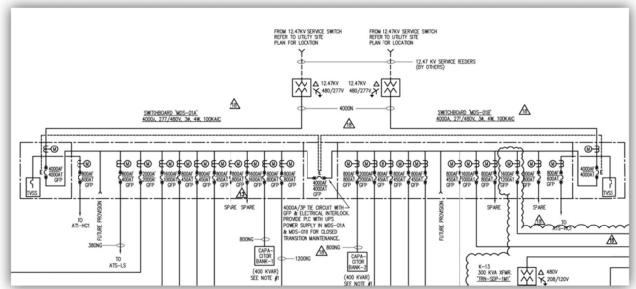


Figure #1.1: One-Line description of the normal-power service entrance.

Underground electrical utility service comes from two separate locations in Penn State's existing infrastructure. A feed comes from the northwest of the site out of a concrete electrical vault located on the loading dock area of the existing Life Science Building I. A second feed comes from the southeast of the site. The electrical utility runs under the north sidewalk along Pollock Road, and crosses under Millennium Science Complex's loading dock. Both utility lines feed the one of two 12.47kVA transformers atop the loading dock roof. Meters are placed on each breaker of the switchgear, while primary utility meters are located on the secondary side of the service entrance transformers.

VOLTAGE SYSTEMS

After entering the Millennium Science Complex, the voltage system is stepped down to 480/277V. This voltage handles all lighting loads, motor and HVAC equipment loads, and specialty equipment loads. Several transformers then step the voltage down to 208/120V to be used for receptacle loads, security system, and fire alarm.

EMERGENCY POWER SYSTEMS

The Millennium Science Complex has two separate emergency systems. A dedicated system for life safety loads, and a normal/emergency distribution feeds other emergency loads throughout the building.

The emergency side of the normal/emergency distribution system enters the building on the north side of the basement-mezzanine electrical room N-P052. The Penn State provided 2,000kW, 4.16KV, 3-phase standby generator and a Penn State provided 1500kVA, 4.16kV-480Y/277V transformer fed the 2,000A normal/emergency switchgear, EMDS-1. Both the generator and transformer are located off-site. Figure #2.1 shows the normal/emergency service entrance.

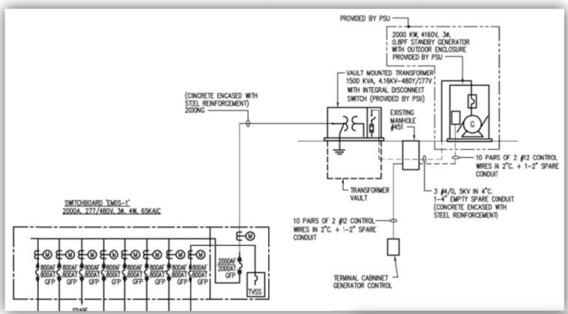


Figure #2.1: One-Line description of the normal/emergency service entrance

A third service entrance feeds all the life safety loads in the building. It is feed from an emergency generator switchboard in the nearby Life Science I Building. This entrance enters from an underground run into a small electrical room, W-P002, adjacent to the main electrical room. As with the other service entrances, Penn State will supply up to and including the buck-up 480V-480Y/277V transformer shown in Figure #1.3. The electrical contractor's responsibility starts on the secondary side of TRE-1B.

Life safety loads are picked up by emergency panel EDP-LOB in room W-P002. The feed comes from the nearby Life Science Building I, west of the project's site. The feed serves EDP-LOB with 480/277V power, which then feeds (9) 480/277V panels and (11) 208/120V panels. Table #1 shows these panels and the types of loads they serve.

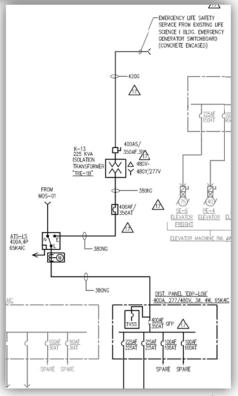


Figure #2.1: One-Line description of the emergency-power service entrance.

IPD/BIM Thesis	October 27 th , 2010
480/277V Panels	Life Safety Loads Served
HLE-0B	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, exit)
HLE-0D	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, exit, tunnel); Lighting Control Panel 'LCPE-1'
HLE-1B	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, exit, site, exterior canopy, and rooms elec., telecom., labs)
HLE-1D	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, catwalk, vivarium, clean rooms); Panels 'HLE-1E'&'LE-1D & 2D'
HLE-2B	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, computational, warning, dark room); Panels 'LE-2B & 3B'
HLE-2D	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, warning)
HLE-3B	Emergency Lighting (café/commons, stairs, exit, warning)
HLE-3D	Emergency Lighting (corridors, stairs, exit, offices)
HLE-M4	Penthouse Emergency Lighting; Exit lights; Heat Trace
208/120V Panels	Life Safety Loads Served
LE-0B	Fire Alarm Control Panel; Panel 'LE-0D'
LE-0D	Receptacles; (8) F.S.D.'s; Dedicated Riser Security & Security Control Receptacles
LCPE-1	"Lighting Control Panel: Emergency" – Lighting Zones 37-43 (lobby, exterior and loading dock)
LE-1B	Receptacles; (2) Motorized Dampers; TRFW-(102, 120 & 106); EFN-(2,27,28,29 &30); SFN-8; and CUHWZ-(103,001 2, 002, 003)
LE-1D	Receptacles; (16) F.S.D.'s; Dedicated Riser Security Receptacles
LE-2B	Receptacles; (7) F.S.D.'s; Dedicated Riser Security Receptacles; Panel 'LE-2A'
LE-2D	Receptacles; (9) F.S.D./S.D.'s; Dedicated Riser Security Receptacles; Panel 'LE-2E1'
LE-2E1	Receptacles
LE-2A	Receptacles
LE-3B	Receptacles; (13) F.S.D.'s; Dedicated Riser Security Receptacles
LE-3D	Receptacles; (10) F.S.D.'s; Dedicated Riser Security Receptacles

Table#1: Life Safety Panels & Load Descriptions

LOCATION OF SWITCHGEAR

The dual 5,000A main-tie-main switchgear, comprised of MDS-01A and MDS-01B, is fed from two 12.47kVA transformers that sit on the roof of this room near the loading dock. MDS-01A/B then feeds both the secondary dual 2,000A main-tie-main switchgear, MDS-02A and MDS-02B, in the Material Science basement-mezzanine electrical room N-P051 and the 1,200A switchgear MDS-03. MDS-03 supplies the clean room in the first floor Material Science wing. EMDS-1, the only emergency switchgear in the project, is located in N-P052, adjacent to N-P051 &N-P053.

Electrical rooms are located in the core of each wing, positioned between both shafts of each Material Science and Life Science wings. In the basement level, the electrical rooms are located directly below the mechanical shafts, posing problems getting conduits from the basement levels to the upper levels.

Clean room design was a separate bid-package sent out in November of 2009. Flak & Kurtz, the main MEP engineering firm, was not contracted for this design. Instead, a specialist in clean room design, IDC Architects, was brought in on the design. There are noticeable discrepancies on equipment designations between the two designers. Flak & Kurtz owns MDS-03, and the four distribution panels that supply the clean room, where IDC Architects own the panels fed from these distribution panels. Flak & Kurtz uses designations MDS-03 for the switchgear, SDP-1M1, SDP-1M2, SDP-1M3, and EDPS-1M for the distribution panels. IDC Architects use CLMS-1, DP-1, DP-2, DP-3, and "existing basebuild standby emergency panel" as respective names. Since the clean room documents provided to the IPD/BIM teams are basis of design documents, the designations from Flak & Kurtz will be used to spare any confusion. No panel schedules of any clean room panels have been provided, leaving loads unknown.

Most electrical equipment can be found in at least 4 or 5 places: 1/8" floor plans, panel schedules, riser diagrams, normal one-line diagram, emergency one-line diagram, and in some cases ¼" scale detail sheets. Some discrepancies were found when doing a detailed overview of these sheets. Tables #2.1 – 2.6 show these items in list format with where they were or weren't found. A list of notable discrepancies and possible solutions are listed below.

- Clean room panels do not have panel schedules, as IDC Architects have not released design documents.
- The one-line shows MDS-01A/B as have a 4,000A M.C.B., but the riser diagram shows 5,000A. The electrical contractor has verified it to be 5,000A
- EDPS-M43 was found only on the riser diagram. After talking with the electrical contractor, it was determined that EDPS-M43 has been deleted.
- LE-0D is found in two rooms, N-M020 and N-P004.
- LS-0D2 and LS-0D3 were found in all applicable spaces aside from the one-line diagrams.
- LBS-1D1 and LBS-1D2 were found in all applicable spaces aside from any floor plans. In the Bulletin 19 issue, several panels were deleted from its feeding panel, EDPS-1D. The electrical contractor says an RFI is currently waiting to be answered on which panels were actually deleted, and if these two were supposed to be left or removed.
- LB-1E11 was found in all applicable spaces aside from the one-line diagrams.
- LBR-2D15 and LBR-2D16 are shown as "feed-thru" (15 feeds through to 16) on all applicable drawings except on the one-line diagram.
- LBS-1D1 and LBS-1D2 were found in all applicable spaces aside from any floor plans.
- HLE-1E was found in all applicable spaces aside from any floor plans. After talking to the electrical contractor, it was determined to be in room N-P129A.

IPD/BIM Thesis October 2							er 27 th , 2010		
	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Schd	Volt	RATING
		MDS-01A	W-P003	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$		480/277V	5,000A
	0	MDS-01B	W-P003	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	5,000A
ars		MDS-02A	N-P051	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	2,000A
ğ		MDS-02B	N-P051	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V		480/277V	2,000A
itch	_	MDS-03 (CLMS-1)	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V		480/277V	1,200A
Switch Gears	Σo	EMDS-1	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	V	480/277V	2,000A
	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Schd	Volt	MCB/MLO
		EDP-LOB	W-P003	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	\checkmark	480/277V	350A
		SDP-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	1,000A
	Level 0	SDP-0B3	W-P003	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	\checkmark	480/277V	1,000A
	Le le	SDP-0D	N-P004	E2.0D-P	V	V	V	480/277V	1,000A
		EDPS-1E1	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	√	V	V	480/277V	800A
		EDPS-1E2	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	V	V	V	480/277V	800A
		EDPS-1M	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	√	V	×	480/277V	400A
		MDP-1E1	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	800A
	Σ	SDP-1M1 (DP-1)	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	√	V	×	480/277V	1,000A
	Level 0M	SDP-1M2 (DP-2)	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	×	480/277V	1,000A
	Le le	SDP-1M3 (DP-3)	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	√	V	×	480/277V	800A/MLO
		EDPS-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	800A
	н	EDPS-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	√	V	V	208/120V	800A
		EDPS-1E3	N-P129A	E2.1E-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	800A
	Level	SDP-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	√	V	V	480/277V	1,000A
		DP-4	1 st FlrMez.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		·
	13	DP-5	1 st FlrMez.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
	<u>ē</u>	DP-6	1 st FlrMez.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
	Level	EDP-1	1 st FlrMez.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
		SDP-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	1,000A
	el 2	SDP-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	<u> </u>	V	V	480/277V	1,000A
	Level	SDP-2D1	N-P238	E2.2E-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	<u> </u>	480/277V	1,000A
	<u>е</u>	EDPS-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	V	V	V	208/120V	800A
	Ξ	EDPS-3D	N-P347	E2.3D-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	V	208/120V	800A
		EDPC-M41	N-M401	E2.4C-P	V	V	V	480/277V	600A
		EDPC-M42	N-M401	E2.4C-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	800A
		EDPS-M41	N-M401	E2.4C-P	√	√	V	480/277V	800A
ırds		EDPS-M42	N-M401	E2.4C-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	800A
Вое		EDPS-M43		ETED	√	×	×		ETED
SwitchBoards	el 4	MDP-M41	N-M401	E2.4C-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	1,000A
.wi	Level	MDP-M42	N-M401	E2.4C-P	√	√	<u> </u>	480/277V	1,000A
_ 0,								,	,

Table #2.1: Electrical Equipment Overview: Switchgear & Switchboards

ורטון	BIM T	115313						Octob	er 27", 2010
	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Sched.	Volt	MCB/MLO
		HL-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
		HLE-OB	W-P001	E2.0B-P	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	480/277V	200A
		HM-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	V	V	V	480/277V	100A
		HMS-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	√	V	V	480/277V	200A
		LE-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	100A
		LR-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	<u> </u>	\checkmark	V	208/120V	150A
		LR-0B1	W-P001	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<u> </u>	208/120V	150A
	98	LR-0B2/3	W-006	E-4.0B	√	V	√	208/120V	225A/MLO
	el C	LM-0B4	W-006	E-4.0B	V	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	100A
	Level 0B	LS-0B	W-P001	E2.0B-P	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	100A
		LB-0C1/2	N-Q008	E4.0C-3	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	175A/MLO
		LB-0C11/12	N-027	E4.0C-2	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	175A/MLO
		LB-0C13/14	N-016	E4.0C-4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	175A/MLO
		LB-0C15/16	N-016	E4.0C-4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A/MLO
		LB-0C17/18	N-Q008	E4.0C-3	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	<u> </u>		208/120V	175A/MLO
		LB-0C19/21	N-027	E4.0C-2	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V 208/120V	400A
		LB-0C20	N-027	E4.0C-2	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	<u> </u>		208/120V	400A
		LB-0C22	N-001	E4.0C-2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V 208/120V	225A
		LB-0C2/4	N-Q008	E4.0C-3	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V 208/120V	175A/MLO
		LB-0C5/4 LB-0C5/6	N-030		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V 208/120V	175A/MLO
		LB-0C3/8	N-030	E4.0C-1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		208/120V 208/120V	
		-			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	175A/MLO
		LB-0C9/10	N-030	E4.0C-1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	175A/MLO
		LBR-0C1/2	N-Q008	E4.0C-3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A/MLO
	Level 0C	LBR-0C11/12	N-027	E4.0C-2	<u>V</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	175A/MLO
	eve	LBS-0C1/2	N-Q008	E4.0C-3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A
		LBS-0C5/6	N-027	E4.0C-2	<u>V</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		208/120V	225A
		HL-0D	N-P004	E2.0D-P				480/277V	100A
		HLE-0D	N-P004	E2.0D-P	$\overline{\square}$	$\overline{\Box}$	$\overline{\Box}$	480/277V	100A
		HM-0D	N-P004	E2.0D-P				480/277V	100A
		HMS-0D	N-P004	E2.0D-P	$\overline{\square}$	$\overline{\Box}$	$\overline{\Box}$	480/277V	100A
		LE-OD	N-M020 & N-P004	E4.0C-2				208/120V	100A
0	0	LR-0D	N-P004	E2.0D-P	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	$\overline{\Box}$		208/120V	MLO
eve	Level	LS-0D1	N-M020	E4.0C-2	$\overline{\Box}$	$\overline{\square}$	V	208/120V	400A
Panelboards: Level	۳	LS-0D2/3	N-020	E4.0C-2	<u> </u>	X	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A/MLO
rdi	Σ	LCP-1	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	208/120V	NO NOTE
pos	Level OM	PP-1	N-051	A8.E2.0D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
nel	eve	PP-2	N-051	A8.E2.0D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
Pai	٦.	PP-3	N-051	A8.E2.0D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Sched.	Volt	MCB/MLO
	_	PP-4	N-109X	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
1:	Clean Room	PP-5	N-109V	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
rds) R	PP-6	N-109R	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
009	ear	PP-7	N-109R	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
Panelboards: l1	ב	PP-8	N-109F	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
Par	LVI 1	PP-9	N-109D	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		
	_	PP-10	N-109B	A8.E2.1D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×		

Table #2.2: Electrical Equipment Overview: Clean Room and Basement Panelboards

	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Sched.	Volt	MCB/MLO
		LB-1A1	W-108Q	E2.1A-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
		LB-1A2	W-108Q	E2.1A-P	√	V	V	208/120V	225A/MLO
	₹	LB-1A3	W-108Q	E2.1A-P	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A/MLO
	Level 1A	LBS-1A1/2	W-108Q	E2.1A-P	√	V	V	208/120V	225A
	Le	LBS-1A3	W-108Q	E2.1A-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A/MLO
-		HL-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
		HLE-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P		$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	100A
		HM-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P	√	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<u> </u>	480/277V	100A
		HMS-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
		LB-1B1/2	W-Q101	E4.1B	√	V	V	208/120V	225A
		LB-1B3/4	W-121	E4.1-P	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
		LBS-1B1/2	W-Q101	E4.1B	√	V	V	208/120V	225A
		LE-1B	W-T127	E2.1-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	150A
		LR-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P	✓	V	V	208/120V	150A
	18	LR-1B3/4	W-Q104	E4.1B	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
	Level 1	LR-1B5/6	W-Q104	E4.1B	√	V	V	208/120V	150A
	L e∕	LS-1B	W-P127	E2.1B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	100A/MLO
		LE-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	208/120V	150A
		HL-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
		HLE-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	150A
		HM-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	200A
		HMS-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	√		V	480/277V	100A
		LB-1D1/4	N-160	E4.1D	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	175A
		LB-1D2/5	N-160	E4.1D	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	208/120V	225A
		LB-1D3	N-160	E4.1D	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	400A
	1D	LBS-1D1/2			×		V	208/120V	NO NOTE
	Level	LR-1D1/2	N-P152	E2.1D-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A/200A
	Le	LS-1D	N-P152	E2.1D-P	V	\checkmark	V	208/120V	100A/MLO
		HC-1E	N-P129A	E2.1E-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	400A
		HL-1E	N-P129A	E2.1E-P	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	225A
		HLE-1E			$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	40A
		HME-1E	N-P129A	E2.1E-P	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<u> </u>	480/277V	400A
		LB-1E1	N-129A	E4.1E	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	V	208/120V	225A
		LB-1E10	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$	<u> </u>	208/120V	400A
		LB-1E11	N-160	E4.1E	$\overline{\checkmark}$	×	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	208/120V	225A
		LB-1E2	N-129A	E4.1E	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	208/120V	225A
		LB-1E5/3	N-160	E4.1E	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	208/120V	225A/225A
		LB-1E6/4	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A/MLO
		LB-1E7/8	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	V	V	208/120V	200A
E.		LB-1E9	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A
el .		LBS-1E1/4	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A
Le		LBS-1E3/2	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A
.sp.	1E	LBS-1E5/6	N-160	E4.1E	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	225A
oar	Level	LCPE-1	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\square}$	$\overline{\Box}$	$\overline{\Box}$	208/120V	60A
Panelboards: Level 1	Le	LR-1E	N-P129A	E2.1E-P	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	✓	V	208/120V	100A
Pan	_ {	DP-4	1st Floor Mezz.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×	480/277V	
	<u> </u>	DP-5	1st Floor Mezz.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×	480/277V	

Table #2.3: Electrical Equipment Overview: First Floor Panelboards
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	IPD/BIM Thesis Cotober 27 th ,							
	DP-6	1st Floor Mezz.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×	480/277V	,
	EDP-1	1st Floor Mezz.	A8.E2.2D-P	A8.E5.1	N/A	×	480/277V	
Lv	/l Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Sched.	Volt	MCB/MLO
	LB-2A1/2	W-223B	E4.2A	V	V	V	208/120V	225A/225A
	LB-2A3/4	W-223B	E4.2A	<u> </u>	V	√	208/120V	225A/MLO
	LB-2A7/8	W-223B	E4.2A	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
	LBS-2A1/2	W-223B	E4.2A	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	√	208/120V	225A
	LBS-2A3/4	W-223B	E4.2A	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
	LBS-2A5/6	W-223B	E4.2A	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	✓	208/120V	225A/MLO
	LBS-2A7/8	W-223B	E4.2A	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
4	LE-2A	W-T227	E2.2A-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	70A
AC 9Ve	LR-2A5/6	W-223B	E4.2A	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	200A/200A
ا ا	LB-2A9	W-223B	E4.2A	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A/MLO
	HLE-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	150A
	HL-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	√	480/277V	100A
	HM-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	100A
	HMS-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
	LE-2B	W-T249	E2.2B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	150A
	LR-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
	LR-2B1/2	W-212A	E4.2A-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
8	LR-2B3/4	W-244B	E4.2A-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
evel 28	LR-2B5/6	W-212A	E4.2A-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
ا ا	LS-2B	W-P249	E2.2B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	100A
	HL-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	100A
	HLE-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	200A
	HM-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	200A
	HMS-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	480/277V	60A
	LB-2D1/2	N-270	E4.2D-2	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	175A
	LB-2D3/4	N-270	E4.2D-2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	175A
	LB-2D5/6	N-270	E4.2D-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	175A
	LB-2D7/8	N-270	E4.2D-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	175A
	LB-2D9/10	N-Q204	E4.2D-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	175A
	LBR-2D13/14	N-270	E4.2D-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	225A
	LBR-2D15/16	N-P238	E2.2E-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	(2)	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	*225A/225A
	LBS-2D1/2	N-270	E4.2D-2	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	225A
	LBS-2D3/4	N-270	E4.2D-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
	LE-2D	N-T258	E2.2BD-P	V	V	V	208/120V	150A
2	LR-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	150A
Panelboards: Level 2	LR-2D11/12	N-Q206	E4.2D-1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	225A
ds: Le	LR-2D9/10	N-270	E4.2D-2	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
rds	LS-2D	N-P258	E2.2BD-P	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	100A
009	LBS-2E1/2	N-P238	E2.2E-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
<u>=</u>	LE-2E1	N-T237	E2.2E-P	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	50A
<u> </u>								

Table #2.4: Electrical Equipment Overview: Second Floor Panelboards

*Shunt Trip with Feed Thru Lugs, MCB

	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Sched.	Volt	MCB/MLO
		HL-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	V	V	V	480/277V	200A
		HLE-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	480/277V	100A
		HM-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$		$\overline{\checkmark}$	480/277V	100A
		HMS-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	480/277V	100A
		LB-3B1/2	W-Q304	E4.3B	$\overline{\checkmark}$		$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
		LB-3B3/4	W-321	E4.3B	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	208/120V	225A
		LB-3B5/6	W-337	E4.3B	$\overline{\checkmark}$		$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
		LB-3B7	W-Q304	E4.3B	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	225A/MLO
		LBS-3B1/2	W-Q304	E4.3B	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
		LBS-3B3/4	W-321	E4.3B	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\checkmark	208/120V	225A
		LE-3B	W-T338	E2.3B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	150A
	3B	LR-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	150A
	Level 3B	LR-3B5/6	W-337	E4.3B	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	225A
	Le	LS-3B	W-P338	E2.3B-P	V	<u> </u>	V	208/120V	100A
		LB-3C1/2	W-Q302	E2.3C-P	V		$\overline{\checkmark}$	208/120V	150A
	зс	LB-3C3/4	N-Q302	E2.3C-P	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	208/120V	225A
	ΓΛΙ	LR-3C1/2	N-Q307	E2.3C-P	V		V	208/120V	225A
		HL-3D	N-P347	E2.3D-P	V	\checkmark	V	480/277V	200A
		HLE-3D	N-P347	E2.3D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
		HM-3D	N-P347	E2.3D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A
		HMS-3D	N-P347	E2.3D-P	V	\square	V	480/277V	100A
		LB-3D1/2	N-361	E4.3D	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	175A
		LB-3D5/6	N-361	E4.3D	V		V	208/120V	175A
m		LB-3D7/8	N-361	E4.3D	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	175A
vel		LBS-3D1/2	N-Q304	E4.3D	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
Panelboards: Level 3		LBS-3D5/6	N-361	E4.3D	V	<u> </u>	V	208/120V	225A
rds		LE-3D	N-T347	E2.3D-P	V	\square	V	208/120V	100A
boa	Level 3D	LR-3D1/2	N-P346	E2.3D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
nell	vel	LR-3D3/4	N-P346	E2.3D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	225A
Pai	Le	LS-3D	N-P347	E2.3D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	100A
	Lvl	Name	Location	Floorplan	Riser	One Line	Sched.		
		LR-4C	N-M401	E2.3B-P	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	208/120V	100A
Panelboards:		HM-4A	N-M401	E2.3B-P	$\overline{\square}$	V	<u> </u>	480/277V	400A/MLO
boa	se	HLE-M4	N-M401	E2.3B-P	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	480/277V	100A
nell	ηοι	HL-M4	N-M401	E2.3B-P	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	480/277V	100A/MLO
Par	Penthouse	HM-4B	N-M401	E4.3B	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	V	480/277V	400A/MLO
	Pe	LE-4C	N-M401	E4.3B	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V	208/120V	100A

Table #2.5: Electrical Equipment Overview: Third Floor & Penthouse Panelboards

Lvl	Name	Type of Equip.	Location	Floorplan	Enl. Plan	Riser	One Line
	ATS-HC1	Automatic Trans. Switch	W-P003	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	ATS-LS	Automatic Trans. Switch	W-P002	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	√	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	CAPACITOR BANK-1	Capacitor Bank	W-P003	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	CAPACITOR BANK-2	Capacitor Bank	W-P003	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	<u> </u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TRE-LE-OB	Clg. Mounted XFMR	W-P001	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TRN-SDP-0B	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P001	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	V	V
	TRN-SDP-0B3	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P003	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TRN-SDP-1D	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P004	E2.0D-P	E2.0D-P	V	√
	TRN-SDP-0D	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P004	E2.0D-P	E2.0D-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TRE-EDPS-1D	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P004	E2.0D-P	E2.0D-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TRE-1B	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P002	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\square}$
	UPS-OC-1/2	UPS	W-P001	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	UPS-OC-3/4	UPS	N-031	E4.0C-1	E4.0C-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\square}$
	UPS-OC-5/6	UPS	N-030	E4.0C-1	E4.0C-1	V	
	UPS-OC-7/8	UPS	W-P001	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	abla
	UPS-OC-9/10	UPS	N-030	E4.0C-1	E4.0C-1	\checkmark	\checkmark
	UPS-OC-11/12	UPS	N-027	E4.0C-2	E4.0C-2	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
0	UPS-OC-13/14	UPS	N-016	E4.0C-4	E4.0C-4	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Level	UPS-OC-17/18	UPS	N-031	E4.0C-1	E4.0C-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Le	UPS-ROC-11/12	UPS	N-027	E4.0C-2	E4.0C-2	\checkmark	\checkmark
	PDTR-1	Pad Mounted XFMR	Roof	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	PDTR-2	Pad Mounted XFMR	Roof	E2.0B-P	E2.0B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\square}$
	TRE-EDPS-1B	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P127	E2.1B-P	E2.1B-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	TRE-LE-1D	Ceiling Mounted XFMR	N-P152	E2.1D-P	E2.1D-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TRE-LR-1E	Ceiling Mounted XFMR	N-P129	E2.1E-P	E2.1E-P	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
1	UPS-1D-1/4	UPS	N-160	E4.1D	E4.1D	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Level 1	UPS-1E-5/3	UPS	N-160	E4.1E	E4.1E	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Fe	UPS-S1E-3/2	UPS	N-160	E4.1D	E4.1D	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	ATS-HS1	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP		<u> </u>
	ATS-HS2	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	ATS-HS3	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	ATS-HS4	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ē	ATS-HS5	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\Box}$	$\overline{\square}$
Level Mezzanine	ATS-HC2	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	
SZZS	ATS-HC3	Automatic Trans. Switch	N-P052	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP		
ž	PSU Supplied	Vault Mounted XFMR	-	T SHOWN ON F		$\overline{\lor}$	<u> </u>
ve	TRN-SPD-1M1	Pad Mounted XFMR	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP		<u> </u>
Le	TRN-SPD-1M2	Pad Mounted XFMR	N-P053	E2.0MD-LP	E2.0MD-LP	$\overline{\square}$	<u> </u>
	TRE-LE-2B	Trapeze Mounted XFMR	W-P249	E2.2B-P	E2.2B-P	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	<u> </u>
	TRN-SDP-2B	Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P249	E2.2B-P	E2.2B-P	<u>V</u>	<u> </u>
	TRN-SDP-2D	Pad Mounted XFMR	N-P258	E2.2D-P	E2.2D-P	<u>√</u>	<u> </u>
	TRN-SDP-2D1	Pad Mounted XFMR	N-P238	E2.2E-P	E2.2E-P	<u>V</u>	<u> </u>
2 3	UPS-2D-1/2 UPS-2D-3/4	UPS UPS	N-270 N-270	E4.2D-1 E4.2D-1	E4.2D-1 E4.2D-1	<u>✓</u>	<u> </u>
Level 2	UPS-2D-3/4	UPS	N-270 N-270	E4.2D-1	E4.2D-1	<u>V</u>	<u> </u>
	UF3-2D-5/0	UPS	N-270	E4.2U-1	E4.2U-1	4	

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	UPS-2D-7/8	UPS	N-270	E4.2D-1	E4.2D-1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V		
	UPS-2D-9/10	UPS	N-270	E4.2D-2	E4.2D-2	$\overline{\checkmark}$	V		
	UPS-2E-1/2	UPS	N-270	E4.2D-2	E4.2D-2	\checkmark	\checkmark		
						-			
Lvl	Name	Type of Equip.	Location	Floorplan	Enl. Plan	Riser	One Line		
	TRE-EDPS-3B	Pad Mount XFMR	W-P338	E2.3B-P	E2.3B-P	V	V		
	TRE-EDPS-3B TRE-LE-3D			E2.3B-P E2.3D-P					
3		Pad Mount XFMR	W-P338	-	E2.3B-P	V	\checkmark		
	TRE-LE-3D	Pad Mount XFMR Trapeze Mounted XFMR	W-P338 N-P347	E2.3D-P	E2.3B-P E2.3D-P	✓	<u> </u>		
Level 3	TRE-LE-3D TRE-EDPS-3D	Pad Mount XFMR Trapeze Mounted XFMR Pad Mounted XFMR	W-P338 N-P347 N-P347	E2.3D-P E2.3D-P	E2.3B-P E2.3D-P E2.3D-P	\overline{\sigma}	<u> </u>		

Table #3.2: Additional Electrical Equipment 2 of 2

OVER-CURRENT DEVICES

Main switchgear for the Millennium Science Complex is rated for a 600V AC service. Main, tie, and feeder overcurrent protection are drawout power circuit breakers with frame ratings of 800, 1600, 4000, or 5000 amps as noted in the drawings and 100% rated with ground fault protection. These breakers are either manually or electrically operated. The main and tie breakers are electrically operated via programmable logic controllers from MDS-01A and MDS-01B.

Main service branch feeders are also protected by drawout power circuit breakers. Solid state overcurrent trip devices contain one or two current transformers or sensors per phase, a release mechanism and the following features:

- Long-time-delay, short-time-delay, and instantaneous trip functions
- Temperature compensation for accuracy and calibration from -5C to +40C
- Field-adjustable time-current characteristics
- Dial settings and rating plugs for current adjustability
- Three bands for minimum, long-time- and short-time-delay functions
- Minimum of five pickup points
- LED colored lamps to indicate "open," "closed," or "tripped" breaker
- Provide time monitoring that can communicate directly with Penn State central monitoring system
- Arc Flash sensing

Distribution panelboards are protected by plastic molded case, bolt-on circuit breakers. Typical panelboards are protected by circuit breakers with the following interrupting current capacity:

- 102/208V breakers have a capacity not less than 10,000 AIC
- 277/480V breakers have a capacity not less than 14,000 AIC
- Distribution panel breakers have a capacity not less than 42,000 AIC

Breakers are thermal-magnetic trip-free, trip-indicating, quick-make/quick-break with inverse time delay characteristics. All circuit breakers with frame size of 400A or greater have electronic trip indicators. Distribution branch protection is provided by the same type circuit breakers and characteristics.

Branch circuit panelboards are powered by distribution panelboards and are protected by the same criteria circuit breakers as discussed above. Several branch panelboards are multiple sections or feed through. Feed through panels are the same height and number of poles. Where feed through panels exist in the building, the upstream panel is protected by a main circuit breaker as described above and the downstream panel is main lugs only. On rare occasions are both panels protected by main circuit breakers or have a shunt trip option installed.

TRANSFORMERS

	Tag	Primary Voltage	Secondary Voltage	Size (kVA)	Туре	Temp. Rise	Taps	Mounting	Remarks
	PDTR-1	12.47kV, 3PH, 3W	480Y/277V, 3PH, 4W	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Pad	Supplied by PSU
	PTDR-2	12.47kV, 3PH, 3W	480Y/277V, 3PH, 4W	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Pad	Supplied by PSU
PSU	N/A	4.16kV, 3PH, 3W	480Y/277V, 3PH, 4W	1500	DRY	80C	N/A	Vault	Supplied by PSU
	TRN-SDP- OB	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRN-SDP- 0B3	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
0_	TRE-LE-0B	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	45	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5% <i>,</i> (2)+2.5%	Ceiling	K-13 Rated
Level 0	TRN-SDP- 0D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRE-1B	480V, 3PH, 3W	480Y/277V, 3PH, 4W	225	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated, Isolation
	TRE- EDPS-1B	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	225	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRE- EDPS-1D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	225	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5% <i>,</i> (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRE-LE-1D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	45	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Ceiling	K-13 Rated
	TRN-SDP- 1D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRE-LR-1E	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	45	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Ceiling	K-13 Rated
11	TRN-SDP- 1M1	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5% <i>,</i> (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
Level 1	TRN-SDP- 1M2	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRN-SDP- 2B	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5% <i>,</i> (2)+2.5%	Trapeze	K-13 Rated
	TRE-LE-2B	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	45	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
12	TRN-SDP- 2D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5% <i>,</i> (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
Level 2	TRN-SDP- 2D1	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	300	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
	TRE- EDPS-3B	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	225	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5% <i>,</i> (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
8	TRE- EDPS-3D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	225	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated
Level 3	TRE-LE-3D	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	30	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Trapeze	K-13 Rated
Lvl. 4	TRE-LR-4C	480V, 3PH, 3W	208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W	30	DRY	80C	(4)-2.5%, (2)+2.5%	Pad	K-13 Rated

Table #3: Transformer Schedule

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The Millennium Science Complex receives three transformers from Penn State – two main service transformers and one emergency power transformer. All transformers within the building are 80C rise unless otherwise noted, equipped with copper windings, and capable of carrying a 30% continuous overload without exceeding 150C rise in a 40C ambient environment. NEMA standard taps are provided on all transformers. The transformers listed in the table below are connected to the nearest approved grounding point and are mounted on a four inch housekeeping pad, unless otherwise noted in the table.

GROUNDING

IPD/BIM Thesis

Equipment grounding can be found on the riser diagram, while feeder and circuit grounding appear on one-line diagrams. Detailed information about the grounding system components can be found in specification section 16450. Absolute configuration of the grounding system cannot be inferred from either architectural or electrical drawing sets. Grounding rods are three-quarter inch diameter by ten foot depth and composed of copper-clad steel. Service switchgears are grounded through bare copper buses mounted within the electrical switchgear room. Specifications indicate that grounding grids and with ground rods shall be installed per Contract Documents; however, grounding system diagrams are not present in the available document set.

SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

UNINTERUPTABLE POWER SUPPLIES

Added in Bulletin 17 were 21 UPS devices. Twenty of these are located on the normal power system, while one feeds emergency panels LBS-1E3/2. The emergency and normal loads are primarily sensitive lab equipment in the Material Science wing.

Submittal documentation shows that the battery packs are not included with the UPS devices, though provisions for them are still there. Confirmation of this has not yet been found in specs, but the head engineer from Flak & Kurtz has confirmed that their primary use is power conditioning, not for a true battery back-up. Other configurations of equipment are more costly as well as take up a larger footprint.

TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SURGE SUPPRESSION (TVSS)

Transient Voltage Surge Suppression is used on switchboards and distribution panels. The transient voltage suppression provides protection of all AC electrical circuits and electronic equipment from the effects of lighting induced voltages, external switching transients, and internally generated switching transients. The TVSSs provide surge suppression for all modes of protection: L-N, L-G, and N-G in WYE systems. They are designed to withstand a maximum continuous voltage (MCOV) of not less than 115% if nominal RMS voltage. Surge protection devices use a separate path to building ground. The TVSS fusing system is comprised of a portion that will open in the event of a limited fault current condition.

POWER FACTOR CORRECTION WITH CAPACITOR BANKS

A future provision for a pair of power correcting capacitor banks allows for an internal power clean-up. They have been assigned to two separate 800AF/800AT breakers, on MDS-01A and one on MDS-01B. Each capacitor bank has been assigned to 480V, 3-phase, and 60Hz. The KVAR rating (not to exceed 35kVAR) will be determined within 6-months of building start-up to insure accurate sizing. These units are dry-type, self-healing design using low loss metalized dielectric system. Individual capacitor elements are connected in delta to minimize loss of kVAR in the event of failure of any single element. The capacitors are rated for 110% continuous overvoltage and 130% continuous overcurrent.

LIGHTING LOADS

The Millennium Science Complex utilizes mostly fluorescent lighting systems on the interior, and a combination of metal halide and LED fixtures on the exterior. The system contains fluorescent fixtures with emergency lighting capabilities along with emergency retractable quartz fixtures.

The lighting loads table (*found in Appendix A*) contains the luminaire tag, light source, lamp type, lamp wattage, number of lamps per fixture, ballast type, input voltage, input watts, ballast factor, current, and power factor for each luminaire.

LIGHTING CONTROL

Typical office spaces have wall mounted occupancy sensors located at the switch. The Conference and Seminar rooms have ceiling mounted occupancy sensors. The controls also utilize four separate programmable zones, allowing for different scene selections. Perimeter open are zones have ceiling mounted occupancy sensors tied into Lutron's Ecosystem. This allows the fixtures in the zone to be integrated into the daylighting system. These fixtures have dimming capabilities that adjust depended on photo sensor readings. The lighting control system within the Millennium Science Complex is In compliance with ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1.

MECHANICAL AND OTHER LOADS

The Millennium Science Complex utilizes air systems to supply heating and cooling to spaces within the building. The laboratories are served by five 50,000 CFM variable air volume air handling units. The offices, lobbies, and common areas are served by three 40,000 CFM variable air volume air handling units. The animal care facilities are also supplied by variable air volume air handling units. Campus steam and chilled water are pumped into these units to supply heating and cooling coils. Also included in the system are cabinet unit heaters, electric heaters, fan coil units, supplementary air conditioning units, and other local equipment to address specific issues that are not able to be served by the main air handling units.

The equipment table below outlines main mechanical and other equipment within the Millennium Science Complex. These loads include equipment directly wired into the electrical system. Assumed power factors for motors and pumps are from research by Ampteks. These loads are summarized in Appendix B.

SERVICE ENTRANCE SIZE

CONCEPTUAL/SCHEMATIC PHASES - LOAD PER SQUARE FOOT

Service Entrance Size: Schematic Design of College Laboratory							
Building Square Footage	VA/ft ²	Load - kVA					
276,500	30	8,295					

Table #4.1: Service Entrance Size: Schematic Design.

DESIGN DEVELOPMENT - NEC LAODING

Service Entrance Size: Design Develop	ment		
Receptacles*(120V)	VA/ft ²	Square Feet	Load - kVA
*Demand factor left at 100% to account for highvolume of Lab plug-in Loads.	1.0	276,500	276
Lighting**(277V)	VA/ft ²	Square Feet	Load - kVA
*Demand Factor = 100%	3.5	276,500	968
HVAC Cooling(480V)	VA/ft ²	Square Feet	Load - kVA
	8	276,500	2,212
Elevators(480V)	VA/Elev.	Elevators	Load -kVA
	50	6	300
Totals			
120V kVA	277V kVA	480V kVA	Total Amps
276	968	2,512	6,367 A

Table #4.2: Service Entrance Size: Design Development.

WORKING DRAWINGS - ACTUAL LOADING

Service Entrance	Size - Amps	Voltage System	Capacity - KVA
Actual Conditions – Service Entrance 1	14323.85	480Y/277V	10916.32
Actual Conditions – Service Entrance 2	3304.23	480Y/277V	3480.87
Actual Conditions – Service Entrance 3	330.26	480Y/277V	646.80
Total Actual Conditions – All Services	18274.83	480Y/277V	14695.19
Summary - VA/Sq.Ft.	66.09 A/SF	480Y/277V	53.15 VA/SF

Table #4.3: Service Entrance Size: Working Drawings.

SUMMARY TABLES

Phase	Load - kVA	Voltage System	Load - Amps
Conceptual/Schematic Design	8,295	480V	9,977
Design Development	276	120V	1328
	968	277V	2,017.6
	2,512	480V	3,021.5
		Total Amps:	6367 A
Working Drawings			
Totals	18274.83	480Y/277V	14695.19

Table #4.4: Service Entrance Size: Summary Tables.

ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP DESIGN

The Millennium Science Complex is expected to achieve a LEED Gold certification. Electrically this is achieved through green power, daylighting, lighting control, and meeting prescriptive requirements of ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004 lighting power densities. Green power is achieved through owner intent or already has entered into a contract for electricity from renewable sources. The daylighting system provides over 84% of all spaces with a daylight factor of 2% for 25fc at 30" above the floor. The building also complies with daylighting views, 90% of the regularly occupied spaces must have a direct line of sight to vision glazing. The building lighting control system provides individual controls for 90% of building occupants and comfort controls for all multi-occupant spaces.

DESIGN ISSUES

ELECTROMAGNETIC SHEILDING

With a rather intense slew of highly sophisticated and sensitive lab equipment, The Millennium Science Complex has a rather interesting issue to deal with, electromagnetic interference.

The Millennium Science Complex utilizes an AC ELF (extremely low frequency) magnetic shielding system to combat electromagnetic interference with sensitive lab equipment. Shielded electrical rooms maintain a low EMF (electromagnetic frequency) environment in the sensitive research areas of the basement, 1st and 2nd floor Material Science wings.

AC ELF EMI thresholds for screen jitter and noise are as follows:

- 10mG for 12-15 inch computer monitors and AV equipment.
- 5mG for 17-21 inch CRT monitors and medical equipment.
- 1mG for clean room environments.
- 0.3mG recommended for clean room environments.
- 0.1mG recommended for Quiet Labs and EM Laboratories.
- (IRPA/INIRC) 833mG over 24 hours max for general public exposure.
- (NYS Public Service Commission) 200mG at 1-meter on edge, or 50ft from 69kV poles.
- (ACGIH) 1000mG for general public and workers with cardia pacemakers.
- (Swiss Bunderstat NCRP Draft Report) 10mG from overhead/underground transmission/distribution lines, substations, etc.

Electrical room shielding consist of a highly conductive ¼" thick seam-welded aluminum plates installed on walls, floors and ceilings with a continuous gas metal arc weld. The clean room electrical room, N-P053, uses an additional layer of 1/8" low carbon steel near electrical equipment do to the rooms close proximity to the 1st floor clean room. Electrical rooms to be shielded are:

- N-P051/N-P052 (6-sides)
- N-P053 (6-sides)
- N-P238 (6-sides)
- W-P003/W-P002 (5-sides)
- W-P001 (4-sides)
- N-P129 (4-sides)
- N-P004 (4-sides)
- N-P152 (1-side)
- N-P258 (1-side)
- N-P347 (1-side)



Figure #3.1: Dual substrate shielding in Room N-P053

October 27th, 2010

Additional shielding will come from wall shields used behind 26 panels in the basement quiet labs, 21 panels on the first floor, 14 on the second floor, and 16 on the third floor. Roughly 20 UPS units located in service corridors throughout the building will require wall shielding as well. The majority of the Material Science wing requires use of RMT (rigid metal tubing) conduit as opposed to standard EMT (Electromagnetic tubing) conduit. RMT is a much thicker, denser conduit, limiting the EMF interference with nearby research equipment.

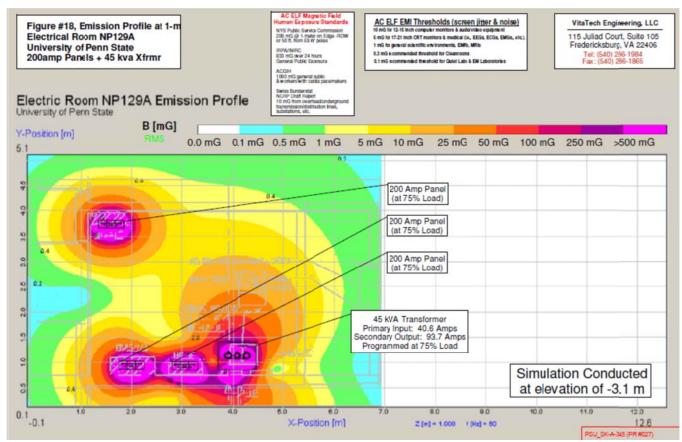


Figure # 3.2: Example of Vita-Tech's EMF study. Example shown is of room N-P129.

VIBRATION ISOLATION

Due to the sensitive nature of the nanotechnologies labs, vibration isolation is required for dry type transformers, UPS devices, dimmer racks, and electrical connections to rotating and vibrating equipment.

VOLTAGE DROP

The length of the building from the Life Science Wing to the Material Science wing creates voltage drop issues. Many feeders leave MDS-01A/B in the basement of the Life Science wing, and travel to the second and third floors of the Material Science wing. These lengths can exceed well over 400', some reaching upwards of 700'. Wire sizes have to be increased to compensate for voltage drop for many feeders.

SINGLE LINE DIAGRAMS

See Appendix C.

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

All telecommunications systems are fed from the Computer Building through existing campus manholes and enter the Millennium Science Complex in the Main Distribution Frame/Telecommunications Room N-T020. Transmission lines from the Computer Building include a 48-pair single-mode and a 24-pair single-mode fiber optic cable to terminate on two panels in the Millennium Science Complex's main distribution frame – one 72-port and one 48-port floor-mount rack. Also entering the MDF is a 200-pair outside plant copper cable. Telecommunication cables are distributed throughout the building via a central main distribution frame, a Life Science/Material Science server room, two Life Science Data Centers, and nine intermediate distribution frames – each supplying a different section of each floor.

Horizontal distribution cables are routed through basket-type cable trays located in the plenum space of main corridors of each wing. Main and intermediate distribution frames utilize ladder-type cable trays for internal distribution. Data Centers and the Server Room are connected to the MDF via two four inch conduits routed through main corridors between said rooms. Laboratory spaces utilize surface mounted raceway systems to distribute cabling throughout the rooms. Student study areas and other perimeter open spaces are either supplied by ceiling mounted or floor poke-through outlets.

Grounding for the telecommunications system ends at the telecommunications main grounding bus bar in the main distribution frame. Each intermediate distribution frame contains its own telecommunications grounding bus bar that feeds back to the main frame.

Television System:

Each laboratory space contains two CATVP terminations, one on each side of the room, that are fed from their associated intermediate distribution frame. The surface mounted coaxial cable patch panel is located in each intermediate distribution frame and has a 96-port capacity. The horizontal distribution from main distribution frame to intermediate distribution frame is carried through one RG-11 coaxial cable.

Data System:

Each distribution frame contains three or more 19"x84" telecommunications racks for relaying of data cables. These frames supply data to above ceiling wireless access points in corridors, floor poke-through terminals for study areas, furniture integrated terminations for laboratories, and wall mounted jacks for office spaces. Data distribution cables are of the category six variety, with the exception of category three being used from the main distribution frame to each intermediate distribution frame. Also carried between the main frame and each independent frame are one multimode and one single mode fiber optic cables. It is assumed that phone service will be provided through Ethernet communication.

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APPENDIX A: LIGHTING LOAD SCHEDULE & HID CUTSHEETS

Luminaire	Lamp	Lamp	Lamp	Num. of	Ballast	Input Voltage	Input Watts	Ballast	Start/Op Current	Power Factor
Tag	Source	Туре	Watts	Lamps	Туре	(V)	(W)	factor	(A)	Start/Op
AL-1	QUART	GX5.3 MR16	50W	1	NA	277	<i>75</i>	NA	0.27	1.00
DC-1	CFL	CFTR32	32W	1	RS Elec.	277	36	0.98	0.31	0.98
DC-1A	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	RS Elec.	277	46	0.98	0.38	0.98
DC-2	CFL	CFTR32	32W	1	RS Elec.	277	36	0.98	0.31	0.98
DC-2A	CFL	CFTR32	32W	1	RS Elec.	277	36	0.98	0.31	0.98
DC-4	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	RS Elec.	277	46	0.98	0.38	0.98
DC-4-d1	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	PS Elec.	277	47	1.00	0.39	0.99
DC-5	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	RS Elec.	277	46	0.98	0.38	0.98
DC-6	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	RS Elec.	277	46	0.98	0.38	0.98
DC-6-d1	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	PS Elec.	277	47	1.00	0.39	0.99
DF-1	FLUOR	F17/T8	17W	4	IS Elec.	277	58	0.90	0.49	0.99
DF-1A	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	121	0.88	0.45	0.99
DF-1A-d1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	116	1.00	0.42	0.99
DF-1B	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	91	0.88	0.34	0.99
DF-1B-1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
DF-5	FLUOR	F17/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	121	0.88	0.45	0.99
DF-5-d2	FLUOR	F17/T8	17W	4	IS Elec.	277	76.3	1.00	0.28	0.95
DF-5A	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	116	1.00	0.42	0.99
DF-5A-d2	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	116	1.00	0.42	0.99
DF-5A-q	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	116	1.00	0.42	0.99
DF-5B	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	91	0.88	0.34	0.99
DF-8	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
	CFL	CFTR42	42W	1	RS Elec.	277	46	0.98	0.38	0.98
DR-1	CFL	CFT9	9W	1	IS Elec.	120	10	1.10	0.16	0.52
ES-1	LED	-	3.9W	-	-	277	3.9	NA	-	-
EL-5	QUART	GU-10 bipin	75W	2	NA	277	75	NA	0.54	1.00
NF-1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
NF-1A-d1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	91	1.00	0.34	0.99
NF-1A-1-d1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	PS Elec.	277	67	1.00	0.56	0.99
NF-1B	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
NF-1B-d1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	PS Elec.	277	67	1.00	0.56	0.99
NF-3A	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	PS Elec.	277	67	1.00	0.56	0.99
NF-4	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
NF-5	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
NF-7	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	1	IS Elec.	277	29.5	0.88	0.1	0.98
NF-10	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
PC-1	CFL	CFTR32	32W	1	RS Elec.	277	36	0.98	0.31	0.98
SC-2	CFL	CFQ18	18W	1	RS Elec.	277	20	1.05	0.17	0.99
SL-1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98
WC-1	CFL	CFTR32	32W	1	RS Elec.	277	36	0.98	0.31	0.98
YP-1	INCAN	75W PAR30	75W	1	NA	277	75	NA	0.27	1.00
SDF-1	FLUOR	F17/T8	17W	4	IS Elec.	277	58	0.90	0.49	0.99
SDF-1A	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	121	0.88	0.45	0.99
SDF-1A-d2	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	116	1.00	0.42	0.99

IPD/BIM The	esis					October 27", 2010					
Luminaire Tag	Lamp Source	Lamp Type	Lamp Watts	Num. of Lamps	Ballast Type	Input Voltage (V)	Input Watts (W)	Ballast Factor	Start/Op Current (A)	Power Factor Start/Op	
SDF-1B	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	121	0.88	0.45	0.99	
3DF-1B	FLUOR	F32/T8/R	32W	1	PS EIEC.	2//	121	0.00	0.45	0.99	
SDF-2	QUART	75W TUNGSTEN HALLOGEN	75W	1	NA	277	<i>75</i>	NA	0.27	1.00	
SDF-3	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	91	0.88	0.34	0.99	
SDF-3A	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.21	0.98	
SDF-4	FLUOR	F17/T8	17W	4	IS Elec.	277	58	0.90	0.49	0.99	
SDF-4A	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	121	0.88	0.45	0.99	
SDF-4A-1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	96	1.00	0.35	0.99	
SDF-4A-d2	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	116	1.00	0.42	0.99	
SDF-4B	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	91	0.88	0.34	0.99	
SDF-4B-1	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	2	IS Elec.	277	59	0.88	0.59	0.98	
SDF-4B-d2	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	3	PS Elec.	277	96	1.00	0.35	0.99	
SDF-5	FLUOR	F32/T8	32W	4	PS Elec.	277	121	0.88	0.45	0.99	
SDF-6	CFL	CFTR26	26W	2	RS Elec.	277	54	1.00	0.45	0.98	
SDF-7	INCAN	Globe	100W	1	NA	277	100	NA	0.36	1.00	
XAM-1	MH	PAR30M	70W	1	Elec.	277	85	1.00	0.50/0.32	0.90	
VAAA 1A	MH	PAR30M	70W	1	Elec.	277	85	1.00	0.50/0.32	0.90	
XAM-1A	INCAN	-	60W	1	NA	277	60	NA	0.22	1.00	
XAM-2	MH	PAR30N	70W	1	Elec.	277	85	1.00	0.50/0.32	0.90	
V444 24	MH	PAR30N	70W	1	Elec.	277	85	1.00	0.50/0.32	0.90	
XAM-2A	INCAN	-	60W	1	NA	277	60	NA	0.22	1.00	
XBO-1	MH	T4.5 bipin G8.5	20W	1	LF Elec.	120	23	1.00	0.2	0.99	
XDM-1	MH	T-6	39W	1	Elec.	277	48	1.00	0.30/0.19	0.90	
VD14.14	MH	T-6	39W	1	Elec.	277	48	1.00	0.30/0.19	0.90	
XDM-1A	INCAN	-	60W	1	NA	277	60	NA	0.22	1.00	
XDM-3	MH	PAR30FL	70W	1	Elec.	277	85	1.00	0.50/0.32	0.90	
XLE-1	LED	-	14.8W	-	-	277	14.8	-	0.05	-	
XPO-1	MH	ED-17	100W	1	Elec.	277	118	1.00	0.70/0.45	0.90	
XSC-1	CFL	CFTR32	32w	1	HF Elec.	277	33W	0.98	0.12	-	
XSC-2	LED	-	45W	-	-	277	45	-	0.16	-	
XST-1	LED	-	10.2W	-	-	277	10.2	-	0.04	-	
XWM-1	MH	PAR20	35W	1	Elec.	277	48	1.00	0.30/0.19	0.90	

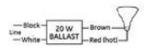


74115 - GEMH20-MC-120

GE HID UltraMax™ eHID Electronic Low Frequency Ballast

- · Light-weight, Low Profile Housing
- Superior low requency square wave frequency design maximizes performance and life of ceramic metal halide
- · Ultra slim car size for fixture design flexibility





GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Application 1-20W M156 120V Micro Electronic HID Category Ballast Type High Intensity Discharge Electronic - Low Frequency Starting Method n/a

10 %

Line Voltage Regulation (+/-) Ambient Temperature (NAX) 55 °C(13 °C) 80 °C(176 °F) Case Temperature Ballast Factor Normal-High (1.0) Power Factor Correction Active Circuit Type Electronic Sound Rating A (20-24 decibels)

Enclosure Type Plastic Distance to Lamp 8 ft

End of Life Protection (EOL) Additional Info

Primary Application Indoor Floodight

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Code

Description GEMH20-MC-120 Standard Package Standard Package GTIN 10043168741153

Standard Package Quantity 10 Sales Unit Case No Of Items Per Sales Unit No Of Items Per Standard 10 Package

UPC 043168741156

DIMENSIONS

Case dimensions

Length (L) 3.0 in(75.95 mm) 1.3 in(33.02 mm) Width (W) 1.1 in(27.94 mm) Height (H)

Mounting dimensions

Weight 0.38 lb Exit Type Remote Mounting Distance to 8 ft

Lamp

18 AWG Remote Mounting Wire Gauge

Length (± 1 in.) 6.0 (152mm) 6.0 (152mm) Lead lengths Qty Fyit Red Left White Left 6.0 (152mm) Brown Left 6.0 (152mm) Black Left

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Lamp Operating Frequency 133 Hz

60 Hz/50 Hz/50 Hz Supply Current Frequency

SAFETY & PERFORMANCE

- cUL Listed
 UL Listed
 RoHs Compliant
 UL 1029 Listed
- FCC Part 18 (Class A) for EMI and RFI Non-Consumer Linits
 ANSI C82.14-2006

- UL\$4V0 Flame Retardant
 Short Circuit Protection
 Inherent Thermal Protection

SPECIFICATIONS BY LAMP & LINE VOLTAGE

Lamp	#01	Specifications	System	Nominal	Ballast	Ballast	Max.Input	Starting	Open	Drop Out	Power	Min.starting	Fuse	UL bench
	Lamps	by Line	Wattage	Current	Factor	Efficiency	Current	Current	Circuit	Voltage	factor	temperature	rating	top rise
		Voltage							Voltage					
M156	1	120	23.0	0.2A	4	0.87			4000V	96V	0.99	0.0°F	1 1/2	

CAUTIONS & WARNINGS

Caution

- Do not consect Brown or Red wires to ground

- Not designed for recessed applications.

NOTES

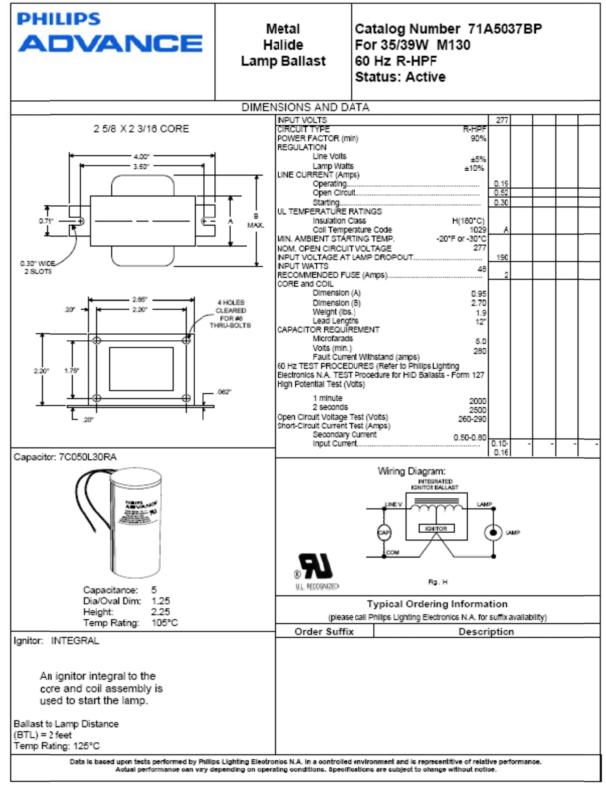
- Not designed for recessed applications.
- 150C rated lead wires
- · Short Circuit Protection

For additional information, visit www.gelighting.com

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Figure A.1: Ballast for fixture XBO-1

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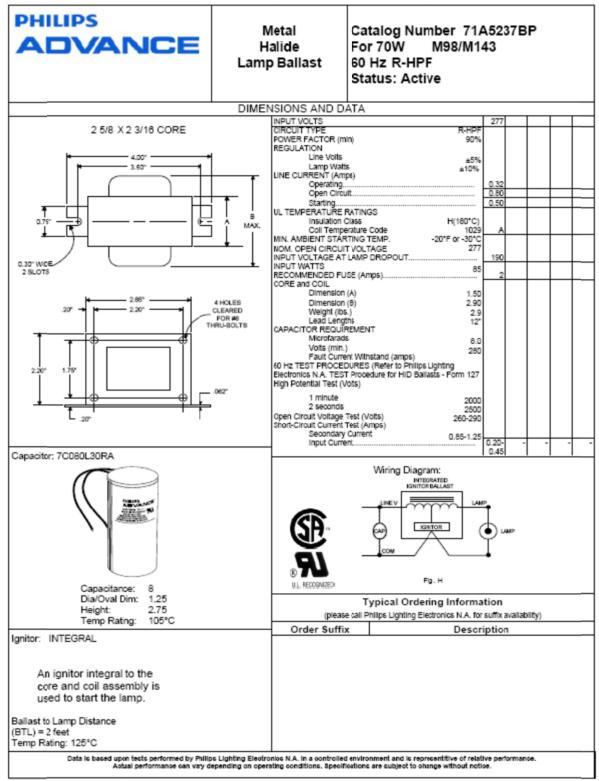
PHILIPS LIGHTING ELECTRONICS N.A.

10275 WEST HIGGINS ROAD · ROSEMONT, IL 60018
Tel: 800-322-2086 · Fax: 888-423-1882 · www.philips.com/advance
Customer Support/Technical Service: 800-372-3331 · OEM Support: 866-915-5886

Revised: 07/31/09

Figure A.2: Ballast for fixtures XDM-1 XDM-1A, and XWM-1

IPD/BIM Thesis October 27th, 2010



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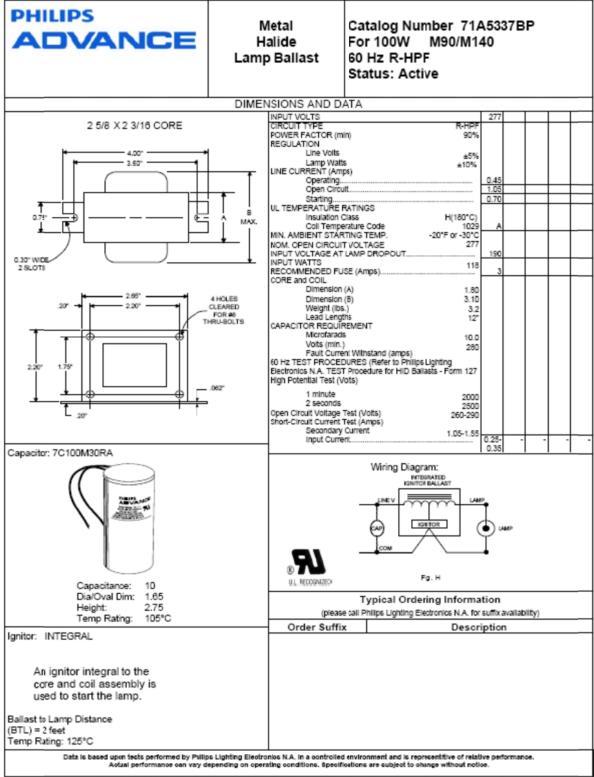
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Tel: 800-322-2086 · Fax: 888-423-1882 · www.philips.com/advance
Customer Support/Technical Service: 800-372-3331 · OEM Support: 866-915-5886

Revised: 07/31/09

Figure A.3: Ballast for fixtures XAM-1, XAM-1A, XAM-2, XAM-2A, and XDM-3

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Customer Support/Technical Service: 800-372-3331 · OEM Support: 868-915-5886

Revised: 07/31/09

Figure A.4: Ballast for fixture XPO-1

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92696 - CMH20TC/U830G8.5

GE ConstantColor® PulseArc® CMH® Ceramic Metal Halide T4.5

a product of

ecomagination







CAUTIONS & WARNINGS

R-WARNING: This lamp can cause serious skin burn and eyr inflammation from shortwave ultraviolet radiation if outer envelope of the lamp is troken or punctured, and the iric tube continues to operate. Do not use where pe

Caution

- Lamp may shatter and cause injury if broken
- -Do not use excessive force when installing lamp.
- -Do not use lamp if outer glass is scratched or broken.

W≀rning

- Risk of Electric Shock
- -Do not use where directly exposed to water or outdoors wihout an enclosed fixture.
- -Turn power off before inspection, installation or removal.
- A damaged lamp emits UV radation which may cause eye/scin injury
- -Turn power off if glass bulb is broken. Remove and dispose of lamp.
- Risk of Burn
- -Allow lamp to cool before handling.
- -Do not turn on lamp until fully installed
- Risk of Fire
- -Keep combustible materials away from lamp.
- -Use fused or thermally protected ballast see instructions
- -Use in fixture rated for this product.
- Unexpected lamp rupture may cause injury, fire, or property damage
- -Do not exceed rated voltage.
- -Do not turn on lamp until fully installed.
- -Do not use beyond rated life.
- -Do not use lamp if outer glass is scratched or broken.
- -Do not use where directly exposed to water or outdoors wihout an enclosed fixture.
- -Operate lamp only in specified position.
- -Use in enclosed fixture rated for this product.
- -Use only properly rated ballast.

Figure A.5: lamp for fixture XBO-1

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Lamp Type High Intensty Discharge -Ceramic Metal Halide

 Bulb
 T4.5

 Bese
 Bi-Pin (G8.5)

 Wattage
 20

 Rated Life
 12000 hrs

 Bulb Material
 Quartz

Lamp Enclosure Type (LET)

LEED-EB MR Credit

Enclosed fixtures only
184 picograms Hg per mean

lumen hour

Additional Info UV control

PHOTOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS

 Initial Lumens
 1650

 Mean Lumens
 1090

 Nominal Initial Lumens per Watt
 82

 Color Temperature
 3000 K

 Color Rendering Index (CRI)
 81

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Burn Position Universal burning position

Warm Up Time to 90% (VIAX) 2 min
Hot Restart Time to 90% (MIN) 10 min
Hot Restart Time to 90% (MAX) 15 min

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length 3.37 cm

VOL)

Bulb Diameter (DIA) 0.563 cm
Bulb Diameter (DIA) (MAX) 0.563 cm
Light Center Length (LCL) 2 cm

PRODUCT INFORMATION Product Code

92696

 Description
 CMH20TC/U830G8.5

 ANSI Code
 C156/M156

 Standard Package
 Case

 Standard Package GTIN
 10043168926963

Standard Package GTIN 1004
Standard Package Quantity 12
Sales Unit Unit
No Of Items Per Sales Lnit 1
No Of Items Per Standard 12

Package

043168926966

Oct 17, 2010 8:27:22 PM For additional information, visit www.gelighting.com

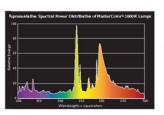
Page 1

Philips MasterColor® Ceramic Metal Halide 3000K Tubular Single-Ended T6 Lamps

Ordering Data

Product Number	Ordering Code	Pkg. Qty.	Nom. Watt.	ANSI Ballast Code	Approx. Initial Lumens	Approx. Mean Lumens ²	CRI
:2328-9	CDM35/T6/830	12	39	M130/E	3300	2600	81
:2337-0	CDM70/T6/830	12	70	M139/E	6600	4950	81
12272.8	CDM150/T6/830	12	150	MI42 MI02/E	14,000	9800	95

Electrical and Technical Data Lanp Operating Volt. (rms)(Nom.)3 —88 (39W/70W) -96 (150W) Initial Lamp Volt. Range (rms)4—85-105 (39W/150W) -80-100 (70W) Lamp Operating Current (Amps) Nominal (rms) --1.8 (150W) Lanp Current Crest Factor (Maximum)-___2 minutes Wirm-up to 80% Full Brightness ----Restrike Time for Hot Lamps -- 4-8 minutes Balast Open Circuit Voltage — 198 RMS Min Puse Peak Volts — 3000-4000 Puse Width @ 90% Peak —— 2 Micro Sec. Minimum Puse Repetition Rate (Minimum)5-2 per Half Cycle --30°C (-22°F) Mnimum Operating Temp.-



Physical Characteristics

Bulb Size -	T-6
Bulb Finish -	Clear-
Base -	
Max. Overall Length (MOI	.) ———3 ½" (39W/70W)
	4 11/2" (150W)
Light Center Length (LCL)	2 1/2
Arc Length-	0.2" (5mm)(39W)
	0.275" (7mm)(70W)
	0.354" (9mm) (150W)
Max. Bulb Temp.	500°C (932°F) (39W/70W)
parameter c	-650°C (1202°F) (150W)
Max, Base Temp.	-280°C (536°F) (39W/70W)
	250°C (482°F) (150W)
Arc Tube Material -	-Poly Crystalline Alumina
Max Bulb to Base Eccentri	
May Are Tube to Base Eco	antricity 3

Operating Characteristics

Rated Average Life, Hours	12,000
Correlated Color Temp. (CCT)2	3000k
CIE Chromaticity Approx.1-	-x428, y397 (39W
	-x428 y394 (70W
1	-x435 y400 (150W
Efficacy (lpw)	
	94 (70W
	93 (150W

Operating Position

versal-Enclosed Luminaires Only

- 1) Measured at 100 hrs. life. Approximate lumen values listedare for vertical operation of the lamp.
- 2) Approximate lumen output at 40% of lamp rated average ife.
- 3) Measured at rated lamp watts on a linear reactor. LPW coes not include ballast losses.
- 4) Measured with the lamp operating at rated watts.
- 5) Option-Pulse Width @ 90% Peak, I micro second minimum with 2 pulses per half cyde
- 6) Rated average life is the life obtained, on the average, from large representative groups of lamps in laboratory tests under controlled conditions at 10 or more operating hours per start. It is based on survival of at least 50% of the lamps and allows for individual lamps or groups of lamps to vary considerably from the average.

CDM/T6

WARNINGS, CAUTIONS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS for Master Color® Ceramic Metal Halide Lamps: Single-Ended CDM-TG 12, CDM-TG 68,5 (Universal); Double-Ended CDM-TD RX7 (Horizontal : 45®, Enclosed

Lamps Single-Ended CDM-T G12, CDM-TC G8.5 (Universal); Double-Ended CDM-TD RXY (Horizontal ± 45°, Enclosed Fixtures Only)

R**MARNING: These lamps can cause serios skin burn and eye inflammation from short-wave ultravioletradiation if outer envelope of the lamp is broken or punctured. Do not use where people will remain for more than a few minutes usless adequate shelding or other safety precarbons are used. Certain lamps that will automatically extinguish when the outer envelope is broken or punctured are commercially available. This lamp complies with EDA radiation performance standard 21 CFR subchapter (JUSA2/ICFR 10403) Canadx50/RIDORS/80-38) If the outer bub is shorken or punctured, turn off at once and replace the lamp to avoid possible injury from hazardous short wave ultraviolet radiation Do not scratch the outer bub b or subject it to pressure as this could cause the outer bub to crack or shatter. Ap partial vacuum in the outer bub may cause glass to fly if the envelope is struck. WARNING: The arc-tube of metal halde lamps are designed to operate under high pressure and at temperatures up to 1000° C and can unexpectedly rupture due to internal or external factors such as a ballast failure or misplectation if the arc-tube ruptures for any reason, the outer bub may break and proces of externely hot glass might be discharged into the surrounding environment if such a rupture were to hyperTY DAMAGE, BURNS-AND FIRE.

might be discharged into the surrounding environment. If such a rupture were to hippen THERE ISA RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY, PROPERTY DAMACE, BURNS AND FIRE. Certain lamps that will retain all the glass particles should inner arc-tube rupture occur are commercially available from Philips Lighting Company. RELAMP FIXTURES AT OR BEFORE THE END OF

RATED LIFE. Allowing lamps to operate until they fail is not advised and may increase the possibility of inner arc

not advised and may increase the possibility of inner arc tube rupture. This lamp centains an arc tube with a filling ras containing less than 10 nCl of Kr-85 and is distributed by Philips Lighting Company, a division of Philips Electronics North America Corporation, Somerset, New Jersey, 08175.
CAUTION: TOREDUCETTE RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY, PROPERTY DAMAGE BURNS AND RER RESULTING FROM AN ARCTURE REPTURETHE FOLLOWING LAMP.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED:

- OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED:
 LAMP OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS.

 I. RELAMP PERTARES AT OR BEFORE THE ENDOF RATED LIFE.
 Allowing lamps to operate until they fail is not advised and may increase the postility of inner are tube nutpure.

 2. Use only in fally endosed features capable of winstanding particles
 of glass having temperatures up to 1000° C. Lerdiffuer material
 must be heat resistant. Consult feature manufacturer regarding the
 australiant of the feature for this lamp.

 3. Do not operate a feature with a missing or broken lens/diffuser.

 4. Operate lamp only within specified limits of operating position.

 Selfore lamp maslation/replacement, when power off and allow
 lamp and feature to cool to avoid electrical shock and potential
 burn hazards.

 6. Use only avoilars equipment meeting Philips and/or ANSI standards.

 1. Use only avoilars equipment meeting Philips and/or ANSI standards.

 1. See risk graphy load refer to ballast manufacturer

 A. Operate lamp only within specified limits of operation.

 1. Befor total graphy load refer to ballast manufacturers
 electrical data.

 1. Operate CDM-T (GL) base lamps only on thermally

- B. For total supply load refer to ballast manufacturers electrical dias.

 C. Operate CDM-T (G I 2 base) lamps only on thermally protected ballasts.

 D. Operate CDM-TC lamps (G8.5 base) only on thermally protected ballasts.

 E. Operate CDM-TC lamps (G8.5 base) only on thermally protected alsactrosic ballasts.

 F. Operate CDM-TC lamps (G8.5 base) only 60 to thermally protected electrosic ballasts.

 7. Period cally inspect the outer envelope, Replace any lamps that show soratinescracks or damage.

 8. If a lamp bulb support is used be sure to insulate the support electrically to ascid possible decomposition of the bulb glass.

 9. Protect lamp base, socket and wiring against innosture, corrosive atmospheres and excessive heat.

 10. Time should be allowed for lamps to stabilize in color when turned on for he first time. This may require several hours of operation, with noce than one start. Lamp colors also subject to change under conditions of excess withation or shock and color appearance may vary between individual lamps.

 11. Lamps may require 4 to 8 minutes to relight if there is a power interruption.

 2 a power interruption.

 2 Take care in hinding and disposing of lamps. If an arc tube is broken, avoid sin contact with any of the contents or fragments.



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P-5434-C

www.philips.com

Philips Lighting Company 200 Franklin Square Drive P.O. Box 6800 Somerset, NJ 08875-6800 1-800-555-0050

on of Philips Elect ronics North America Corporation Philips Lighting 281 Hillmount Road Markham, Ontario 1-800-555-0050

Figure A.6: lamp for fixtures XDM-1 and XDM-1A

MasterColor® CDM PAR₂₀

MasterColor CDM 35W/830 Med PAR20 FL 1CT

Philips MasterColor® Ceramic Metal Halide PAR Lamps offer arange of compact, high-efficiency, ceramic metal halide reflectorkmps with a stable color over lifetime and a crisp, sparkling light. They deliver superior, energy-efficient accent lighting with consisten, outstanding color required for retail and architectural applications.

Product data

· Product Data Product number

Full product name Short product name Pieces per Sku Skus/Case

233643 MasterColor CDM 35W/830 Med PAR20 FL 1CT CDM 35W/830 Med PAR20 FL 1CT

Bar code on pack Bar code on case 046677233648 50046677233643 928601133401

Logistics code(s) General Characteristics

Base Base Information Bulb Bulb Material Bulb Finish

Medium [Single Contact Medium Screw] Nic/Brass [Nickel/Brass Base] PAR20 [PAR 2.5 irch] Hard Glass

Reflector Operating Position Main Application RatedAvgLife(See Family Notes) Universal [Any or Universal (U)] General Lighting 9000 hr

· Electrical Characteristics

Watts Lamp Wattage Tech-nical Lamp Voltage Lamp Current Ignition Time Re-ignition Time 0.525 A 30 s 15 min

· Environmental Characteristics

2.8 mg Mercury (Hg) Picogram per Lumen 239 p/LuHr

Light Technical Characteristics

Beam Description Rood [Rood] Beam Angle Approx. MBCP Color Code Color Rendering Index Color Temperature Color Temperature

30 D 5000 cd 830 [CCT of 3000K] 75 (min), 81 (nom) Ra8

3000 K technical Chromaticity Coordinate X Chromaticity Coor- 402 - dinate Y Initial Lumens 2000 Lm Luminous Efficacy Lamp Lumen Maintenance 70 % 2000h Lumen Maintenance 55 % 5000h Design Mean Lumens 1300 Lm

· UV-related Characteristics

PET (NIOSH) 100 h. Damage Factor D/fc 0.20 -100 h.klx



Figure A.7: lamp for fixtures XWM-1

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MasterColor® CDM PAR30L

MasterColor CDM 70W/830 Med PAR30L FL 1CT

Philips Maste-Color® Ceramic Metal Halide PAR30L Lamps offer high-efficiency, ceramic metal halide reflector lamps with a stable color over lifetime and a crisp, sparkling light.

Product data · Product Data · Environmental Characteristics 232215 MasterColor CDM 70W/830 Med PAR30L FL 1CT CDM 70W/830 Med PAR30L FL 1CT Mercury (Hg) Content Product number 10.1 mg Full product name Short product name Light Technical Characteristics Pieces per Sku Skus/Case Beam Description Rood [Rood] 046677232214 50046677232219 928601133201 Bar code on pack Bar code on case Logistics code(s) General Characteristics Medium [Single Contact Medium Screw] Nic/Brass [Nickel/brass Base] PAR30L [PAR 3.75 inch/95mm Long] Hard Glass Base Base Information Bulb Bulb Material dinate X Chromaticity Coor- 390 -Bulb Finish Reflector Operating Position Main Application RatedAvgLife(See Family Notes) Universal [Any or Jniversal (U)] General Lighting 11000 hr Initial Lumens Luminous Efficacy 5000 Lm 71.4 Lm/W Lamp Lumen Maintenance 65 % 5000h Design Mean Lumens 3050 Lm · Electrical Characteristics Watts Lamp Wattage Tech-nical Lamp Voltage UV-related Characteristics PET (NIOSH) 100 h. Damage Factor D/fc 0.25 -100 h.klx Lamp Current Ignition Time Re-ignition Time 0.93 A 30 s 10 min • Product Dimensions Max Overall Length 4.750 in (MOL) - C Diameter D 3.740 in



Figure A.8: lamp for fixtures XAM-1, XAN-1A, XAM-2, XAM-2A, and XDM-3

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MasterColor® CDM ED17 Protected

MasterColor CDM 100W/830 Med ED17P CL ALTO+FB

Range of protected, high-efficiency long life ceramic metal halide lamps with a stable color over lifetime and a crisp, sparkling light to be used in open fixtures.

Product data

• Product Data

Product number

233684 MasterColor CDN 100W/830 Med ED17P CL ALTO+FB CDM 100W/830 Ned ED17P CL Short product name

Pieces per Sku

Skus/Case Bar code on pack 046677233686 50046677233681 Bar code on case Logistics code(s) 928601137601

General Characteristics

Base Medium [Single Contact Medium

Screw] Brass [Brass Base] ED17P [Protected] Hard Glass Base Information Bulb Bulb Material Clear Universal [Any or Jniversal (U)]

Bulb Material Bulb Finish Operating Position Main Application RatedAvgLife(See Family Notes) General Lighting 16000 hr

· Electrical Characteristics

Watts 100 W Lamp Voltage Lamp Current Ignition Time 101 V 1.1 A 10 s Ignition Supply 235 V Voltage Re-ignition Time [min] 10 min

• Environmental Characteristics

Mercury (Hg) Content 5.8 mg

· Light Technical Characteristics

Color Code 830 [CCT of 3000K] Color Code
Color Rendering
Index
Color Designation
Color Temperature
Color Temperature 80 (min), 85 (nom) Ra8

Warm White

3000 K 2800 (min), 3000 (nom), 3200 (max) technical .421 (min), .430 (nom), .439 (max) -

Chromaticity Coor-dinate X Chromaticity Coor-.386 (min), .392 (nom), .398 (max) -

dinate Y Initial Lumens 8600 Lm 86 Lm/W Luminous Efficacy Lamp Lumen Maintenance 2000h

Lumen Maintenance 5000h 79 % Design Mean Lumens 6450 Lm

UV-related Characteristics

PET (NIOSH) Damage Factor D/fc 322 h.klx .201 -

• Product Dimensions

Light Center Length 3.438 in 5.438 in

Max Overall Length (MOL) - C



Figure A.9: lamp for fixture XPO-1

APPENDIX B: MECHANICAL & OTHER LOAD SCHEDULE

			MECHANIC	AL LOAD)S					
Load Tag	Tag Number(s)	Quantity	Load	Load Magnitude	Load Units	NEC Motor Amps	Voltage/ Phase	Assumed PF	Eq. Load (kVA)	Eq. Load (kW)
ACF	1-5,9-10	7	Supply Fan	100	hp	124	460/3	0.82	691.57	567.09
ACF	1-5	10	Exhaust Fan	50	hp	65	460/3	0.82	517.88	424.66
ACF	6-8	3	Supply Fan	60	hp	77	460/3	0.82	184.05	150.92
ACF	9-10	2	Supply Fan	40	hp	52	460/3	0.82	82.86	67.95
ACF	11	1	Supply Fan	25	hp	34	460/3	0.82	27.09	22.21
ACF	12	1	Supply Fan	125	hp	156	460/3	0.82	124.29	101.92
HRW	1-5	5	Heat Recovery Unit	1	hp	2.1	460/3/60	0.8	8.37	6.69
ACU	1,4,5,8,11-15	9	Supplimentary AC	2.8	FLA	х	208/3	0.8	1.01	0.81
ACU	2-3,9-10	4	Supplimentary AC	9.8	FLA	х	460/3	0.82	31.23	25.61
ACU	16-17	2	Supplimentary AC	5.8	FLA	х	208/3	0.8	2.09	1.67
ACU	18-20	3	Supplimentary AC	17.3	FLA	х	460/3	0.82	41.35	33.91
CSG	1-3	3	Clean Steam Gen.				120/1/60	0.8		0.00
DDU	1-3	3	Dehumid. w/ Heating Coil and Fan	22.3	FLA	х	460/3	0.82	53.30	43.71
EFN	1	1	Exhaust Fan	80	W	4.4	115/1	0.8	0.51	0.40
EFN	2	1	Exhaust Fan	1/2	hp	9.8	115/1	0.8	1.13	0.90
TRF	NP001	1	Return Fan	1/2	hp	9.8	115/1	0.8	1.13	0.90
EFN	3	1	Exhaust Fan	2	hp	3.4	460/3	0.8	2.71	2.17
EFN	4,12,39-41	5	Exhaust Fan	1.5	hp	3	460/3	0.8	11.95	9.56
EFN	5-8	4	Exhaust Fan	7.5	hp	11	460/3	0.8	35.06	28.05
SFN	4-7	4	Supply Fan	7.5	hp	11	460/3	0.8	35.06	28.05
EFN	9	1	Exhaust Fan	3	hp	4.8	460/3	0.8	3.82	3.06
EFN	10,25	2	Exhaust Fan	1/3	hp	7.2	115/1	0.8	0.83	0.66
TRF	N206,W254,N310B	2	Return Fan	1/3	hp	7.2	115/1	0.8	0.83	0.66
SFN	8	1	Supply Fan	1/3	hp	7.2	115/1	0.8	0.83	0.66
EFN	10,37,38	3	Exhaust Fan	3/4	hp	1.6	460/3	0.6	3.82	2.29
EFN	13,14,16	3	Exhaust Fan	1	hp	2.1	460/3	0.8	5.02	4.02
SFN	3	1	Supply Fan	1	hp	2.1	460/3	0.8	1.67	1.34
EFN	15,26	2	Exhaust Fan	40	hp	52	460/3	0.82	82.86	67.95
EFN	17-19,23,24	5	Exhaust Fan	50	hp	65	460/3	0.82	258.94	212.33
EFN	20-22	3	Exhaust Fan	25	hp	34	460/3	0.82	81.27	66.64
RTF	1	1	Return Fan	30	hp	40	460/3	0.82	31.87	26.13

Penn State-Millennium Science Complex Electrical Systems Existing Conditions and Building Load Summary Report

IPD/BIM Thesis October 27th, 2010

IPD/BIIV	1 Thesis								October 2	27 ^{tn} , 2010
Load Tag	Tag Number(s)	Quantity	Load Description	Load Magnitude	Load Units	NEC Motor Amps	Voltage/ Phase	Assumed PF	Eq. Load (kVA)	Eq. Load (kW)
RTF	2,3	2	Return Fan	20	hp	27	460/3	0.8	43.02	34.42
TRF	N049, WP001, W101, W130, N044, W005B, N101, NP238, W106	9	Return Fan	1/4	hp	5.8	115/1	0.8	0.67	0.53
EFN	27-31	5	Exhaust Fan	1/4	hp	5.8	115/1	0.8	0.67	0.53
TRF	NP129	1	Return Fan	0.1	hp	4.4	115/1	0.8	0.51	0.40
EFN	32	1	Exhaust Fan	129	W	5.8	115/1	0.8	0.67	0.53
EFN	33-36	4	Exhaust Fan	100	hp	124	460/3	0.82	395.18	324.05
SFN	9,10	2	Supply Fan	5	hp	7.6	460/3	0.8	12.11	9.69
FCU		10	Fan Coil Unit	1/6	hp	2.2	277/1	0.8	0.61	0.49
FCU	NP053	1	Fan Coil Unit	3/4	hp	13.8	115/1	0.8	1.59	1.27
CRAC	1	1		169.9	FLA	Х	480/3	0.82	135.37	111.00
XDP	W003-1, N009-1, W244B- 1	3	Chilled Water Pumping Unit	4	FLA	х	208/3/60	0.8	1.44	1.15
XDH	W003-1 thru 3, N009- 1&2	5	Rack Cooling Modules	5	FLA	х	120/1/60	0.8	0.60	0.48
XDV	W003-1 thru 8, N009-1 thru 3, W244B-1 thru 14	25	Rack Cooling Modules	2	FLA	х	120/1/60	0.8	0.24	0.19
DC	1	1	Dry Cooler	14	FLA	Х	208/3	0.8	5.04	4.03
CWP	1-3	3	Pump	150	hp	180	460/3	0.82	430.24	352.80
CWP	4	1	Pump	20	hp	27	460/3	0.8	21.51	17.21
HWP	5-6	2	Pump	40	hp	52	460/3	0.82	82.86	67.95
PCWP	7-8	2	Pump	25	hp	34	460/3	0.82	54.18	44.43
CWP	9-10	2	Pump	1.5	hp	3	460/3	0.8	4.78	3.82
GWP	11-12	2	Pump	25	hp	34	460/3	0.82	54.18	44.43
GHWP	13	1	Pump	1.5	hp	3	460/3	0.8	2.39	1.91
HV	1	1	H & V System	2	hp	3.4	460/3	0.8	2.71	2.17
HV	2	1	H & V System	5	hp	7.6	460/3	0.8	6.06	4.84
LEB	Various	256	Exhaust Air Flow Control	0.06	FLA	х	277/1	0.8	4.25	3.40
LSB	Various	188	Supply Air Flow Control	0.06	FLA	Х	277/1	0.8	3.12	2.50
VAV	Various	217	Variable Air Volume Boxes	0.06	FLA	Х	277/1	0.8	3.61	2.89
CUH	Various	13	Cabinet Unit Heater	1/11	hp	0.10	115/1	1	0.15	0.15
UHT	Various	2	Cabinet Unit Heater	1/3	hp	7.20	115/1	1	1.66	1.66
UHT	Various	8	Cabinet Unit Heater	1/20	hp	0.30	115/1	1	0.28	0.28
CUH	Various	3	Cabinet Unit Heater	1/10	hp	4.40	115/1	1	1.52	1.52

Vacuum Pump

Vacuum Pump

Electrical Systems Existing Conditions and Building Load Summary Report
October 27th, 2010 IDD/RIM Thesis

IFU/DIIV	1 Thesis								October 2	27 th , 2010
Load Tag	Tag Number(s)	Quantity	Load Description	Load Magnitude	Load Units	NEC Motor Amps	Voltage/Ph ase	Assumed PF	Eq. Load (kVA)	Eq. Load (kW)
CUH	Various	1	Electrical Cabinet Unit Heater	1/20	hp	2.40	208/3	1	0.86	0.86
	Motorized Damper	6	Motorized Damper	0.06	kVA	Х	120/1	0.82	0.06	0.05
	Main Chiller	1	Chiller	4.80	kVA	Х	208/3	0.8	4.80	3.84
	AC Unit	5	Air Conditioning Unit	0.30	kVA	х	208/1	0.6	0.30	0.18
	AC Compressor	5	Air Conditioning Compressor	2.46	kVA	х	208/3	0.8	2.46	1.97
A	ir Cooled Compressor	1	Air Cooled Compressor	9.00	kVA	х	208/3	0.8	9.00	7.20
Wa	ter Cooled Compressor	1	Water Cooled Compressor	9.00	kVA	Х	208/3	0.8	9.00	7.20
						To	tal Load (k-	Unit):	3597.90	2946.00
			DILIMBINI	CLOADO	,					-
			PLUMBIN							
Load Tag	Tag Number(s)	Quantity	Load Description	Load Magnitude	Load Units	NEC Motor Amps	Voltage/Ph ase	Assumed PF	Eq. Load (kVA)	Eq. Load (kW)
Ĭ	ž	O	2	ž	2	Z	0	Ä	ŭ.	ш
VCP	ž 1	3	Vacuum Pump	≦ 40	hp	52	460/3	0.82	124.29	101.92
VCP	1	3	Vacuum Pump	40	hp	52	460/3	0.82	124.29	101.92
VCP CP	1 1	3	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic	40 1	hp hp	52 2.1	460/3 460/3	0.82	124.29 1.67	101.92 1.34
VCP CP DBP	1 1 x	3 1 1	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump	40 1 10	hp hp kVA	52 2.1 x	460/3 460/3 460/3	0.82 0.8 0.8	124.29 1.67 10.00	101.92 1.34 8.00
VCP CP DBP	1 1 x	3 1 1	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP	40 1 10	hp hp kVA	52 2.1 x	460/3 460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1	0.82 0.8 0.8	124.29 1.67 10.00	101.92 1.34 8.00
VCP CP DBP	1 1 x 4 Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48	hp hp kVA hp	52 2.1 x 2.1 x	460/3 460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29
VCP CP DBP	1 1 x 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6	hp hp kVA hp kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x	460/3 460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36
VCP CP DBP	1 1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace	3 1 1 2 7 1 5	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67
VCP CP DBP	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96
VCP CP DBP	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.8	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66
VCP CP DBP	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Sump Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1 2 3	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52
VCP CP DBP	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Sump Pump Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86 0.96	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86 0.96	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52 0.58
VCP CP DBP	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Sump Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1 2 3 4	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52 0.58 1.18
VCP CP DBP P	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1 2 3 4	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18	hp hp kVA hp kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52 0.58 1.18 0.71
VCP CP DBP P	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1 2 3 4 3 4	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18 2.36	hp hp kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18 2.36	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52 0.58 1.18 0.71 1.89
VCP CP DBP P	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Sump Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Uacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1 2 3 4 3	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18 2.36 17.4	hp hp kVA hp kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 208/1 208/3	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18 2.36 17.40	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52 0.58 1.18 0.71 1.89 13.92
VCP CP DBP P F Tun Ir Sub	1 X 4 Vacuum Pump Mechanical Pump Heat Trace Rotary Pump Mechanical Pump Roughling Pump Rotary Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	3 1 1 2 7 1 5 1 1 1 2 3 4 3 4	Vacuum Pump Circulating Pump Domestic Booster Pump Trench Pit SP Vacuum Pump Pump Heat Trace Pump Pump Pump Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump Vacuum Pump	40 1 10 1 0.48 0.6 3.33 6.2 1.1 1.2 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18 2.36	hp hp kVA	52 2.1 x 2.1 x x x x x x x x x x x x	460/3 460/3 460/3 120/1 115/1 208/1 208/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1 120/1	0.82 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	124.29 1.67 10.00 3.35 0.48 0.60 3.33 6.20 1.10 1.20 1.44 0.86 0.96 1.96 1.18 2.36	101.92 1.34 8.00 2.68 0.29 0.36 2.67 4.96 0.66 0.72 0.86 0.52 0.58 1.18 0.71 1.89

Vacuum Pump

Vacuum Pump

1

1

3.33

5.76

 kVA

kVA

Х

Х

208/1

208/3

Total Load (k-Unit):

8.0

0.8

3.33

5.76

197.65

2.67

4.61

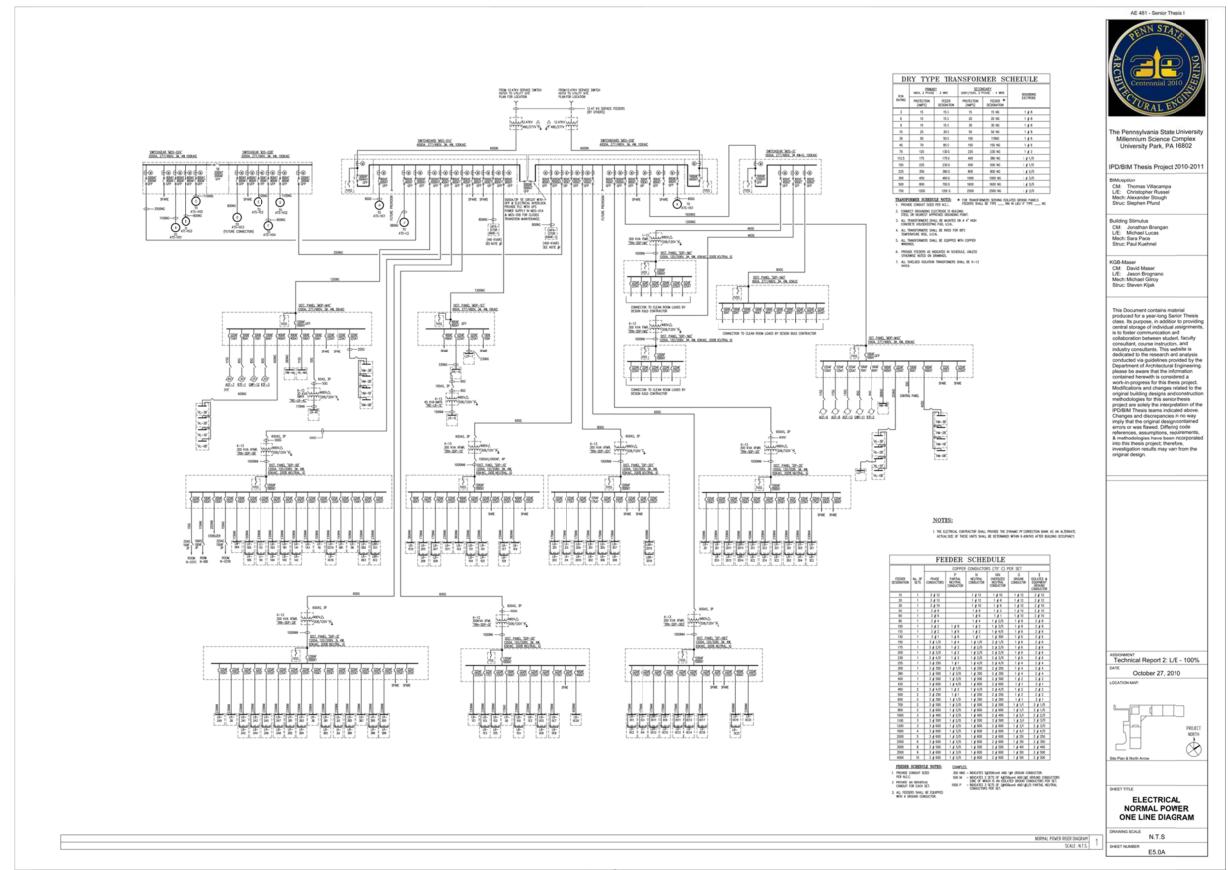
158.34

IPD/BIN	i mesis								October 2	27 , 2010
			ARCHITECTU	RAL LOA	ADS					
Load Tag	Tag Number(s)	Quantity	Load Description	Load Magnitude	Load Units	NEC Motor Amps	Voltage/Ph ase	Assumed PF	Eq. Load (kVA)	Eq. Load (kW)
PE	1-3	3	Passenger Elevator Motor	30	hp	40	460/3	0.82	95.61	78.40
PE	4	1	Passenger Elevator Motor	40	hp	52	460/3	0.82	41.43	33.97
SE	5-6	2	Service Elevator Motor	75	hp	96	460/3	0.82	152.97	125.44
	Projector Screen	11	Motorized Projector Screen	1	kVA	Х	120/1	0.6	1.00	0.60
	Loading Dock Door	3	Motorized Overhead Door	0.9	kVA	х	120/1	0.6	0.90	0.54
Ceil	ling Mounted Projector	4	Projector	0.8	kVA	х	120/1	0.6	0.80	0.48
	Motorized Shades	5	Motorized Shades	0.5	kVA	х	120/1	0.6	0.50	0.30
						To	tal Load (k-	Unit):	293.21	239.73

OTHER LOADS										
Load Tag	Tag Number(s)	Quantity	Load Description	Load Magnitude	Load Units	NEC Motor Amps	Voltage/Ph ase	Assumed PF	Eq. Load (kvA)	Eq. Load (kW)
AC	1	3	Air Compressor	30	hp	40	460/3	0.82	95.61	78.40
AC	2	4	Air Compressor	15	hp	21	460/3	0.8	66.93	53.54
Thermal Electronic Chiller		1	Air Cooled Chiller	7.5	kVA	Х	208/3	0.8	7.50	6.00
Chiller		1	Chiller	0.4	kVA	Х	120/1	0.6	0.40	0.24
Chiller		1	Chiller	7.5	kVA	Х	208/3	0.8	7.50	6.00
Chiller		1	Chiller	5	kVA	Х	208/3	0.8	5.00	4.00
RF Generator		1	Radio Freq. Generator	62.1	kVA	х	480/3	0.82	62.10	50.92
	Cryo Compressor		Compressor	5	kVA	Х	208/1	0.8	5.00	4.00
Drying Oven		2	Drying Oven	1.32	kVA	Х	208/1	1	1.32	1.32
	Vacuum Oven		Vacuum Oven	0.78	kVA	Х	208/1	1	0.78	0.78
Total Load (k-Unit):								252.14	205.20	
Building Total Load:									4340.90	3549.27
									kVA	kW

IPD/BIM Thesis

October 27th, 2010



Penn State-Millennium Science Complex

October 27th, 2010

