

APPENDIX G PILASTER CALCULATION

Masonry Pilaster

Worst Case Loading

$$P = 173 \text{ k}$$

$$M_x = 35.4 \text{ k}$$

$$T_{max} S_{sc} = \frac{149000 \text{ lb}}{(355 \text{ ps})} = (472 \text{ in}^2) \approx 26'' \rightarrow \text{try } 24'' \times 24''$$

Use 4 #5's

$$A_s = .60 \times 4 = 2.40 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_s = 24 \times 14 = 336 \text{ in}^2$$

$$F_s = 24000$$

$$h = 384$$

$$r = .3D = 9.2$$

Axial Force Capacity

$$\begin{aligned} P &= (.25 f_m A_g + 1.65 A_s F_c) \left(1 - \left(\frac{n}{140}\right)^2\right) \\ &\approx (.25(1500)(336) + 1.65(2.40)(24000)) \left(1 - \left(\frac{384}{140}\right)^2\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\approx 215.4 \text{ kips} > 173 \text{ kips} \quad \therefore \text{OK}$$

Check Moment Capacity

$$A_s = 2.40 \text{ in}^2 \quad n = 21.5$$

$$d = 23.625 - 1.25 - 1.5'' = 21.87$$

$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{BD} = \frac{2.40}{(24)(21.87)} = .0046$$

$$\rho_n = .0983$$

$$k = \frac{\rho_n + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{t}{D}\right)^2}{\rho_n + \left(\frac{t}{D}\right)} = \frac{.0983 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1.25}{21.87}\right)^2}{.0983 + \left(\frac{1.25}{21.87}\right)} = .6399$$

PILASTER CALCULATION

Masonry Pilaster		
<p>Isot 13.99° out of shell</p> <p>$t_{eD} = 1.25/21.87 = .0591$</p> <p>$J = 1 - \frac{t_e}{3} = .7867$</p> <p>$Jd = 13.2^\circ$</p> <p>$f_{b_1} = 500 \text{ ps}$</p> <p>$f_{b_2} = 500(1 - \frac{1.25}{13.99}) = 455.3$</p> <p>Distance to Reactant</p> <p>$1.25((2(455.3) + 500)/3(955.3)) = .615''$</p> <p>$M_m = \frac{1}{2}(500_{ps} + 455.3)(1.25)(112)(.615) = 95''K$</p> <p>$M_s = 2.40_{in}^{-1}(24000_{in})(21.87 - .615) = 102''K$</p> <p>$95''K > 35.9''K \text{ OK}$</p> <p>use $24'' \times 24''$ pilaster with 4 # 7's</p>		